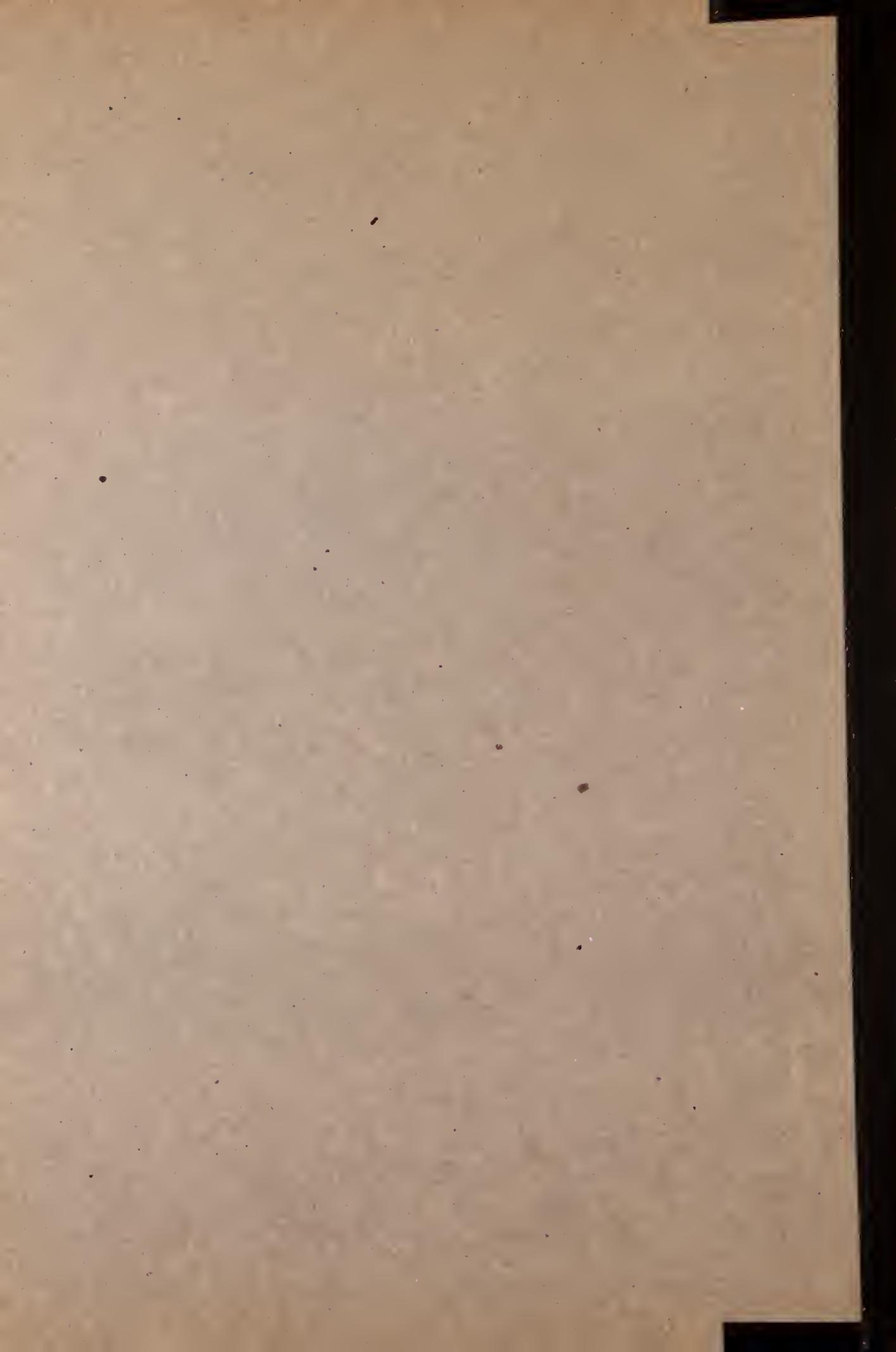
YOUTH'S COMPANION.
World's Fair Number. May 4, 1893.
Boston.



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# WORLD'S FAIR NUMBER THE YOUTH'S COMPANION





### A Fountain of Perfume!

Every day—all day long—all the time—as long as the fair is open, you can have your handkerchief perfumed at the Silver Fountain, FREE!

# Lundborg

Stands for the best in American perfumes and is a guarantee of superior and uniform quality.



and see the women who are using Pearline. It's easy to pick them out. They're brighter, fresher, more cheerful than the women who have spent twice as much time in the rub, rub, rub, of the old way. Why shouldn't they be? Washing and cleaning with Pearline is easy, and simple, and safe.

Look at the clothes that are washed with Pearline. They're brighter, and fresher, too. They haven't been rubbed to pieces on the washboard. They may be old but they don't show it. For clothes washed with Pearline last longer.

Look at the paint, glass, woodwork, etc., in fact anything that has been cleaned with Pearline—looks like new also, for Pearline takes away what you want taken and leaves the surface like new. Surely it's to your interest to use it.

Milions Per Perline



World's Fair Exhibit of

# JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

Manufacturers of

"JUVENILE," a pure, fragrant and delicate Soap for Ladies' and Children's Toilet.

"AMERICAN FAMILY" Soap, the leading Laundry Soap of America.

# 47,000,000 POUNDS SOLD IN 1892.

OUR COMBINED OUTPUT THE LARGEST IN THE UNITED STATES.

# What Are You Going to Wear to the World's Fair?



Ask for Fargo's \$2.50 Ladies' Tan Lace Blucher. It is a most stylish shoe and just "the thing" for wear at the World's Fair. Fargo's \$2.50 Calf Shoe for Men has been brought to such a state of perfection during the six years since its inception, that it is absolutely equal in value to much higher-priced shoes. You run no risk in trying a pair, as we take all the chances. Dealers will furnish you with envelopes addressed in our care if you would like to use our offices as downtown headquarters during the Exposition season.

Look for our famous "Calf Head Trade Mark" in the Shoe and Leather Building at the World's Fair. A full descriptive list will be mailed on application. Our beautiful Columbian Catalogue is ready for dealers.

# C. H. FARGO & CO.,

196, 198, 200 Market Street.

CHICAGO.

Corner of Quincy Street.

# The Exhibit at McCreery's

On the corner of Broadway and Eleventh Street, New-York City, displays the product of the world's looms. No world's fair, however immense, can allot to any one exhibitor the space necessary to show the complete stock of a great dry-goods house.

Even in McCreery's large building every device to save space is needed. The thousands of samples are closely ranged like books in a public library. Only a fraction of them can be shown within the building.

This variety is of enormous advantage to the cusor colored silks the stock is as complete. Few, even of New-York women, much less those from out of secures whatever the world can furnish.

serviceable goods that women rightly love, that conduce so directly to beauty and to health. They show the range of our usual stock. We aim to have whatever we can recommend. Details would be wearisome.

The counters presenting colored silks are a kaleidoscopic display of every hue and shade. The popularity of satin effects is everywhere evident. With the revival of old fashions, the gros-grains and taffetas are again in use, as they furnish the right stiffness for the new flaring skirts. The most durable of less costly weaves is the new "English" silk, an ideal material for a traveling—say, a World's Fair gown. This silk sheds the dust, and has the body of light weight cloth. In a stylish 1830 model it is a very smart gown.

Attractive colored silks for summer are those which are imprime, or printed with a pattern rather than damasked, though some imported silks are printed on a damask or brocaded ground. Especially dainty are the changeable grounds, with dashes or dots. Standard Twills and India silks are sought for wear, and make delightfully cool summer gowns. Miroir and glace velvets are beautiful, and are in all the rich colors of silk and dress-goods. Artistic readers can imagine the exquisite effect when eminence purple velvet is shaded through successive tones with pale blue, or when deep green reflects pale petunia-pink, or violet velvet is shot with pale yellow. Rich Lyons satins come in widths of a yard and a quarter for Empire gowns, and are fitly brocaded in Empire patterns, sometimes printed in dentelle effect.

Among popular dress-goods are the new "hopsackings," light, loosely woven woolens, serviceable for streetgowns, and for traveling-gowns. In two-toned effects they repeat, in more refined shades, colors fashionable in silk goods. The beauty of these shaded wools is emphasized by sleeves and other trimmings of similarly colored silks. The new Scotch cheviots of the season, in herring-bone style, and in mixtures, are fleeked with white or color by raised threads. The severe style of the tailor-gown is now relieved by trimmings of heavy écrnlace and of miroir velvet. French Poplin with narrow borders of silk galloon, striped with soft contrasting colors, a revival of an old-time goods, will lend itself gracefully to the 1830 fashions, and the new woolbareges also recall a fabric of several generations ago. They are mixed with silks in bayadere styles; illuminated stripes cross the wool ground, or it is striped in a melange of color with silk lines.

In silk and wool one quaint material has the effect of a black-lace grenadine, thrown over a pale-roseorchid-purple, or emerald-green ground; others have a raised pile, usually of black silk, through which a brilliant underground in pale blue, mauve, or some other fashionable color is seen.

There are dainty examples of French cleverness among the imported gowns. One of changeable seeded. silk in silver-gray and pale linden-green is trimmed with ruffles of point-de-Gene lace and with silk. The tea-gown is popular because it gives opportunity for varieties in weave, design, and quality; and in white many picturesque fashions too neglige for more for-

bertha-like cape of écru Genoa lace.

In these modern days a variety of stylish French letter or in person the buyer states requirements, and waists, to be worn with dark silk skirts, are most Here we mention some of the elegant, dainty, and trimmed with écru laces. An excellent authority says that "a woman cannot have too many capes." One of the most elegant and popular wraps is the military cape. It is made in cloths, in miroir or plain velvets. The velvet capes are richly trimmed with ornaments of tinsel embroidery, and lined with dainty silks in contrast. The Empire cont, an elegant and picturesque wrap, is made for summer in black Brussels-net, or black lace, in accordion pleats with a high yoke of black satin, embroidered with jet. The full sleeves are of violet velvet, reflecting gray tones. Epaulets of black lace, trimmed with bands of satin ribbon, surmount these sleeves. A deep pendant fringe of black jet falls over the flowing front of the wrap, and is decorated with a long Empire girdle of black-satin ribbon. These coats are also made for carriage wear of Suede-colored bengalines and cloths, but are then fitted to the figure with a broad box-pleat, back and front. The yoke and pointed girdle of black satin are embroidered with opalescent spangles, and spangles of colored metals.

Many of the materials for ladies' dresses are duplicated in picturesque frocks for girls and young ladies. These dresses are made with skirts a trifle fuller, and round waists, finished with broad revers and jacket effects. Large sleeves give smartness to the gown. There are pretty wool gowns, seeded with black dots, and trimmed with ruffles of narrow satin-ribbon, which is put on in groups on the skirt, and as a border to the revers or jacket. Tasteful gowns of cambric are made with straight-hemmed skirts, pointed girdles striped with insertion, and neatly litting Eton Jackets over full

blouse waists. Underwear was never more beautifully or daintily finished than to-day. The new underwear, made of the daintiest materials, has trimmings of gossamer-like lace, and narrow insertions and embroidery.

The most popular sheer goods of the season are the organdies, in the large flower patterns of two generations ago. Dotted Swiss is also in demand for dresses, in plain color and figured effects, and attractive dimities are figured in tiny designs and hair-lines in

To the many visitors from abroad we may be permitted to say - what our own countrymen know - that during the last half century this dry-goods house has been widely known as beyond rivalry for novelties in design; for rare, curious, and exclusive makes and patterns; and for exquisite foreign products.

Visit or Address

# James McCreery & Company,

Broadway and 11th Street, New-York City.

# THE YOUTH'S WORLD'S FAIR

# COMPANION

EXTRA NUMBER

Extra Number.

BOSTON, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1893.

Thirty-six Pages.



THE TRANSPORTATION BUILDING.



ENTRANCE TO THE TRANSPORTATION BUILDING.

#### THE YOUTHS COMPANION.

Established 1827.

#### WORLD'S FAIR NUMBER.

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HICAGO AND THE FAIR.

Chlengo was founded by unlive, and built by the guarth of the American Republic. The vary first invivemouts of white mon to the westward of the Alleghnulus designated tha good as a centra of Isuvel nul trade. It was at Best the terinfinite on the Great Lakes of a fong rante of range trievel. Its situation leader to the oast and to the wast. The flood of suffluent muss shirted into the region to the westward of Indlam and to

the northword ing Massingra, the creation of a great commeremi city at the hand of taker Michigan followed as a nurs.

apperrangephenes

The imeximpled swiftness and surpress of the growth of the Grent World developed a encresponding salftness and ennfidense nt euterjuse Chiengo whiteh his o been and romada without primilal in Institut

In the middle of the present rentury Richard Publica rousplumed that English schoolhave were taught all about a misemble Attiv stream edded the Hissus, but unthing of

Chiengo. At that time Chango had parhaps that thousand people. The world in general know vary little of it. Mr. Cididen had visited it and the country which was dependent upon it, and saw not increase how unresidence its development had already been, but how yest a expital of rounnered and Industry it was to burnuss.

The Oil World was not to remula in ignorance of Chirago's axistoned long. The great the of 1871, in which "In one wild night the city fell," was distined to strike the world with harror by the very amgultude of the ratistraphe; but the entastraphe itself, stirrtling and sousaturnal in the highest dagrea, was my sic impressive as the recurry from It.

Alumst on the day after the conflagration the people of Chicago lanked about them, computed their losses, counted the number of lamblings that land bean burned and measured the area hid baro, and saw that the property destroyed, although it announted perhops to three himilied millions of dollars, or nearly half therite's property value, was equivalent only to about three years' ordinary growth of the city.

Supposing their city to retain the reason that it had already had for its existence and growth, and the people of Chlengo never for an instant entertained a doubt on that point, it might he expected by remover in number three years what it list. In renlity it did more than this. It drew new glary and prostice, and as a result built up new business out of the splemba of its recovery. Its remustrurtion discipled the wighl, but was taken as a matter of course in Chiengo.

The great fire has been almost forgotten. When it is thought of, it is generally as a blessing instead of a calamity. "How much finer our city is," a Chengona says, "than it could have been if it had not been burned! How many old limiblings we should have to talerate.

It is preducily not thought of at all in Chrenge to-day, in the linstle of the World's Calumbian Exhibition. After twenty years of development, more rapid than any that had taken place even in its own history. Chiengo resolved, when it was proposed to hold in the United States an intermational exhibition in convargance when of the discovery of America by Columbus, to passess this exhibition.

It seemed to her merchants purfectly appropriate that Cheagoshould be the site of the Fidr. The situatum and eigenmetances [ which had made the city what it was, made it, in their opinion, the most fitting and representative city in America in which to hold a World's Fior.

to demand that their vity should be whosen as the one in which to tions, but is held in the vastest and probably the most beautiful hold the Fatr. The city had never cet recknied without its host, group of hyddings ever erected in historic times.

hwer lease of Cangress who came from the great West and accomplished in less time than has been allowed to any previous Smithwood, and who looked to Chicago now as the titlest international exhibition. exposition city, just us their merchants had long looked by it as their natural commercial distributing point.

In the vote in the Nutional Houseout Representatives for a site for the Warld's bair, Chleagn led from the tirst, and, although the House voted eight times between the candidates, maintained its fend to the end. On the first trul she received forty-three cotes more than New York, her leading competitor throughout; and on the lost vote, when a great part of the support of the other cities had gone to New York, Chicago had a lead of fifty votes, and was

salected in the site, No doubt the selection was to the general satisfaction of the country, without prejudice to the cities which were Chicago's competitors. Chiengic had afready because a sort of convention emploid of the country, it is the most convenient city to reach for the people of the Last and West, the Nurth and the South. It is also a remarkably good city to star in when it is reached well provided with great hutels, and accustomed to receiving, enternuming and "thundling" large crowds. So other vity in the vinintry is so hurd to avererawd as Chlengu.

Moreover, the chose was largely due to the combilence of the people in the utility of Chlengo to rulse the vist amount of movey normonary to the creation of a successful World's Pair, as well us to the general recognition of the advantage of the livertion of the city for the attendance of the millions of Americans who must furnish the great bulk of the gute recoupts. Combdence of success is perhaps the greatest element in the carrying out of may scheme of great unvguittule. Intense public spirit is necessary for the missing of a vast sum of money for a

public progress. Chango had proved that she had these qualities. Her confidence in herself land implied the confidence of others. She had already come to Washington with a substantial guarantee fund, and it was avidual that much harger amounts were

LAKE MICHIGAN for the oming. Public spirated citizens WOUDED - ISLAND HEINTE CLEVILL

of wendth in Chleago pledged thems.

voted for Chirago helieved that, if been held, that city was Chirago-

mid must be withful of the public purks of the elly. The work of organization and ronstruction was pushed rapidly. There were important infomal committees and commisshungs, but the artial work of phynning and aeromplishing the wark, and especially of spending the money, but been done by a few vitizens of Chiengo who are at the hemi of the World's Columbian Exposition. Assumition of that city,

In order that the city, as a corporation, might userst effectively in the enterprise, it was necessary that an amendment to the Constitution of Illinois should be inhapted, permitting Chango to harrow five millionandlars to advance to the Exposition. The periods of Illinois gave their consent to this amendment. The rity has preved to the gest of the country its entire confidence in the survess of the enterprise,

Finally, Congress appropriated in anl of the exhibition tive million Columbian. half-dollars an amount which was any mented by the sale of these souvenir coms at a premium. This appropriation put the find scal of governmental approval upon the

It was in a spirit of entire confidence in this fact, and in the 1851 is now open, and it surpasses not only in magnitude, could promise to its clients.

untcome, that the representatives of Chicago went before Congress interest and industrial and artistic importance all previous exhibi-

Probably, untrover, no World's Pair was ever in so complete or remains on assemble.

The dependence was now placed on the representatives in the calester of readiness at the date of its opening; and this has been

Such is the story, in brief, of Chicago and the World's Columbian Exposition. d. E. Chamberlan.

#### HINTS FOR SEEING THE WORLD'S FAIR.

By the Chief of the Buleau of Publicity and Promotion.

Answers to the questions how and what to see at the Warld's Fuir depend much upon the tystes of the visitor, and the length of time at his disposal. A week will harely suffice for the most perfunctory inspection of all of its wunders, and a month for a thorough and studious survey. Yet if one can spend only three theys or one day in Chirago and it Juckson Park this summer, it will be worth while.

What is seen even in this lime! Thue cumust fail to culturge the horizon of the beholder, and impress him alike with his own hosignificance, with the wide range of human industry, with the wonderful nelnevements of human ingenuity in making life better worth living and tenching how the outions of the earth, each working on its own line of activity, not and resuct upon each other by bringing to pass the poet's vision of the time when

The war drawns throte an imager, and the battle days are turled in the Parliament of Man, the Federation of the World

There is a grain of truth in the suggestion that Churugo itself will be the main exhibit of the World's Columbian Exposition.

Withavit dispurngement of our other cities it can he asserted that Chivagov typities. American enterprise more than any ather, and presents in dramatic aspects the quick and lasting results of American foresight, emergy, plack and ninhivity.

Chicago is territorially the biggest city in the world. Its area includes and hundred eighty-live squave miles, or nearly three times the area of the District of Culminhia. Of rimitse a musideratile part of this is sulmihan, with houses few und für hetiveen; hut for all that Chirago Ims the largest population of mny American city excent New York, and it is estimated to mak as sixth or seventh in size among all the cities of the world.

It is not to be wimdereil nt, therefore, that mony prople should think Chiengo a place where ame's purket-lands will be in constant thusger. The oid theory that the streets of a big city are full of jutially line n vega ham hald our the average much. In

respect to the city of a World's bair this idea is strengthened by the newspaper stories about the apportunities for extortion, and to No should the Representatives who | say robbery, that the World's Fair will errate.

Of course the presence of visiting millions will attract from all any city could, in less than three layer the world criminals who will reckin on profiting by the verys' time, make ready a great interms proverhild rarelessness of halidary-makors, and by the ignorance of thand exhibition which should surpass in surroundings that after number holiday-unikers in a strange city size and importance any which had get easy prev. But measures have been taken to protect visitors to The Exposition. The police force of Chiengy has for some time At any inte, Chirago was selected. An I been in communication with the police department of every large excellent site for the exhibition was obsocily by the world. Landon, Paris, New York, Vienna, St. takined by the surrender of may of the birgest. Peterstonia, Rione, Madrid, and in fact every birge centre of -population will soud some of its most expert detectives who have a doing neopinium meet with the eriminals of their respective cities, and whicewill be on the lookout for these people in and about the World's Figire

These detectives will not wear uniforms, as that would defeat the object for which they come to Chicago. They will appear to the inexperienced eye ordinary entizens in every-day chathes. But they will be on the alert all the time, more perticularly in the neighborhood of the railway stetions, and many an old offender. conving to Chicago experting to reap a hyrvest, will find his coreer and short the moment he steps foot on the railway platform.

He will be given the choice of being locked up in Chicago as a Augment till the Pair emls, or of being sent back to where he rame from. A rerord will be kept of all the thieves so sent back, and should they come again they will be chapped into prison until the Exposition is over-

But even more dangerous than the downright thief, to the visitor from the country or a small city, is the extartiomate hotel proprietor, barkman, or bearding-house kerper, who amy impose such charges for the accommoditions, which they know the visitor must obtain that he may be robbed of more of his money in the bong run than if he had lost his purer immediately on the arrival in the city. Togawyd against this, the Exposition has established the Burean of Public Comfort. As this Bureau is part of the Exposition management, anything promised by at can be relied on-

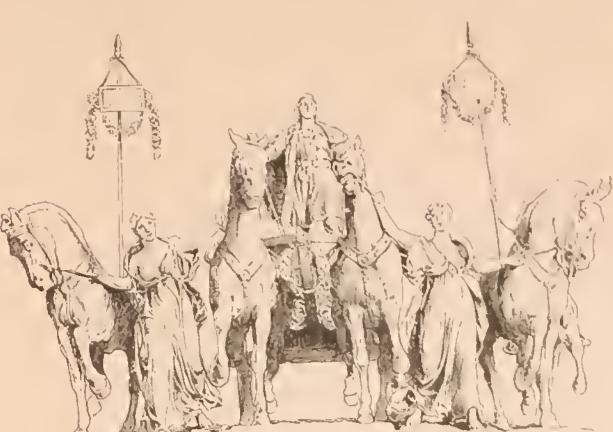
The first thing done by the officials of the Bureau of Public Comfort was to send around to every hotel and hoarding-house in The result at this date has idministratly justified Chicago's the city of Chicago and accertain just how many rooms the confidence in berself and the general confidence in her. A World's proprietor would have to rent during the Exposition. In some Fair the ninth real international exhibition which has ever been cases as for example the lag downstown hotels, which will be held, beginning with the one at the Crystal Palwe in London in full all the time, there were very few rooms which the Bureau several have nearly a thousand. One concern caraged in bring- once, we can and estand why the agures of angels look seemall. my people to Chicago, administration some time ago that it was a lin front of the Administration Building is the grand court of

But in the averable rhood of Jackson Park, where the World's which a score of tracks stretch away into the distance like the world to see the finnix nithe Japanese living just as they do in their Fulr is to be held, hotel-building his been going on at a tremendone etrings of a humbred kines. To the court is the Michinery Hill, own country; the Chinese in picture-sque attire; the junior rate for the past two years. The view from the dome of one of the pennache tipped with queer little figures of an relevant out. Tekings in find hours, therman villagets in houses such its wo the Exportion Buildings shows a big vity of new buildings, some extretelist ivings. These look successful being than dolls, although the have seen in pretite-books; theree-looking Arabs in turbans and of them six, seven and everceight stories high. Nearly all of these after are titler than a man. When we look below at the people red, biggy trensers in the, people or all countries going about are hotels. The smallest have at least one hundred rooms, and walking alout the grounds and see that they only seem as they are their occupations just as they do in their far-off hand, go to the

taxas which can briefly beequalled in the world. On the electric fountaine, while provided? rend torth sprains of every

throther out its the Grent hittern of the like ivers poved.

These little bouts glide ideng the water with no mean miles or This seems almust incredible, but then there are so many smake than rowboats. As no look up from our rushboard sent realize that they are as hig and long as they appeared from the There need be an fear, therefore, on the score of extortlomete, dome of the Administration Buildings. And the great buildings, of the Lugoon, at the Exposition grounds, stands a consplements charges for longings. Hundreds and thousands of loarding- themselves are not in overpowering its ive hispect them over a structure, attractive and even shown in appearance. Many



The Quadriga surmounting the Peristyle.

going to put up and run several buildings, forming one immense. Building that a view of the World's l'alvenu be obtained. Let us no have seen at the World's l'air. hotel, which would have no less than eighthousand four hundred - taken tracon one of the pleasure homeless on the lagoun. r(0011135)

things about Chicago which must be seen to be believed that the art the gigantle pillurs of the tidl fulldings, the thigs which flutter erention of a new city of hotels within a twelvemonth is hirally from their tops seem like so many ribbons, and we can boully un ren sonable.

houses in every part of the city have been listed with the Bureau | foreground of sweet-smelling roses, which surrounds the lugaon. | persons stop to hopeline its purpose, and somethies evene surprise of Public Comfort, and to these visitors can go

who do not want to be annoyed with the big crowds on the World's Fair grounds.

At the Dedivation hist October, there was a great outrry because a few culonen wanted tremart about live fares from people who had to take part in the Civic Procession. Many papers said that this was tint it sample of how perque wanted he rolched when they rame to the Exposition.

But this calimen some found out that the World's Fair people and the citizens of Chicago would not allow the good name of the city to be injured by the greed of a few larkmen. The result was that everybody got conveyances to the Exposition grounds at ordinary fure, although it is worth while mentioning that every call in the city was pressul into service during them two days.

When the World's Fair opens, things will be very different from what they were last October, then the Minnie Central Railrand the shortest line from the city to the Exposition grounds awas all train apon account of the track being elevated. This work is now nearly done, and by May first there will be builf a diezen lines of track for the use

of the World's Fair truffle only. In addition to this, the elevated ried, which wire but partially completed hist October, will be we hear in the distance are softened at sweet master as they came entirely finished. One end of this line is inside the Exposition mingfed with the marmars of the widers of the higoen, gently grounds. The fare from the heart of the city will be live cents.

streets, State Street and Cottage Grove Avenue. The Cottage surrounds us. Grave Avenue line comes within two ldocks of the grands, and the State Street line connects with electric cars which run just the span the beginn, and farnish a read shelter franctio but sun; out guter at the routh end of the Park.

the Bell Line which runs around the city, and which enters Juckson Park at the southwest corner. The terminus of this railroad system is the largest space ret apart for railroads anywhere in the world.

Even this is not all. As Jackson Park is on the lake front, the abution of a chapter of the Aradom Nights. Exposition management law provided that as many people as can be carried by houte may be hyaded at the piers of the Exposition.

earried by each of these means, I may mention the sum total to which stretches like an intocuse expent allay all fems of vizitors being overcharged. One hundred thousand people every hour is the mumber which the Exposition management expects we be able to hand at Jackson Park and to take away. I think I am not exaggerating when I say that there the water. This brings as close wealt the is not another spot un the face of the globe of the area of Jackson Park, that is to say about a square mile in extent, where our humblest themeand people rould bank or deject in an hour.

If the weather were tine, I should want to have my hret view of the Exposition from the lake. The scene from the deck of one of the log steamers running to the Fair grounds will be womberfuland imposing, as we catch eight for the first time of the glittering double, towers and terraces of the great huldings, over which a thousand miles in any other rails as on hundred thousand thes and streamers will finter in the similarity earth. In fixt, it may be said by take us As the text draws nearer to the share we begin to make out the around the world, for the World's hair is outlines of the buildings separately, and the great Manufactures really a world in miniature. Building, which looms up along the shore like a mountain, makes even the big vessel on which we sail look small as a tishing-boat.

As we land at the pier, and pass into the grounds beneath the highlings would till every page of this hapely edumits of the beautiful Peristyle, the scene which greets another of The Youth's Companion. I will ne makee ne feel emaller than ever. We waik past huge strin tires and attempt it. There will, however, beto high that it is almost prinful to look up to their roofs from guidy-books for the prinful to look up to their roofs from where we stand, and come to the Admonistration Building, which which everybody can bear where by find is the crowning feature of the magnificant court which surnamols, those exhitors in which they are interested. ur. Then we arcend to the baldery below the dome of that budding to obtain a bird' seye view of the whole I apportion.

ourselver looking west over an integer railway station, from to allow about a day for sixing the Midway Plateauce. If you also unno rous telephone stations and a messenger toy service,



A Bit of Decorative Painting

The mase of the eromits and the cracking of the humbs which rippling vover the myrind writer-Illies which flont locally on the The street cable cars van south from the city on toxemont, surface, or softly splitshing against the courble ladiastrate which

In and out we go under the broad arches of the bridges which on the wale basin bothe very foot of the tag statue of the Republic, Aguin, every milriad entering Chicago will be connected with which from the bont appears to twee above us high as the dome of the Administration Building; past the four hig thors cronching at the base of Cleapatra's needle; or sathing lowny mar the Wooded Ashmal where the shrules and Howers of

every clime havite us ashore. It is the real-

There is yet a third way of seeing the Exposition before we grethrough the failth-Without going into details to show how many people can be sings, thencefves. The elevated railway, fromcione and aif the grounds we the valuer, affers a view inhibitor between that which we had from the throne and the view from lariblings, and allows us to inspect the womlerful carvings, statuary and mutal paintings, which where the exterior of these tambillings.

This radiany, withough willy these miles in length, draws us neve womerful sights slong the purriety than we can hid fir three

To fell about a half or a tenth of the wonderful things to be seen in each of these

early in the inorning, and day until the last thing at night.

Midway Ularettes.

A "thred feeling" somes over even the livelist vitality after the Exposition, which from prolonged right-scents. The order succession of wondrous sights this beight presents a view and me deats comes in thrend to be fariging a. I or this rescondand acver to be forgotten. Junes also to impart to a World's Pixti the characteristics of infestival, shately believ are three found in high ought to be inseparable from it, the ununingement has provided abundant meiors of rest, refreshment and wereathen.

What could be more cestral, for historice, that to leave the either side of these formanies whiring wheels of Machinery Hill in the glass of the Hectiletty are others which can be seen. Building and repair to the Music Hall or to the Lestival that, best only at night. These are where almost every day some great must il enterminment will be

The best bands, musual associations, and choral associations ecdor magnatide, clisuging in the United States will but this occursions interpret the works every metrici, and thending of cumment comparers, and in many cases these performances with together so beautifully that be under this direction of the composure themselves. Musle will one would think that they also be supplied at stands are red at various appropriate headlins sponted up rambons sustend throughout the grounds, where at given hours the great millions laineds of this isometry and of Timipo emilbe heard in the open ide.

In the matter of play ical refreshment nothing will be lacking Busin, ibited with gooded is, wither in quantity, quality or variety. Sandwiches and coff i, electic launches, and other on the every shey American plan, and be had almost an exhencit pleasure entit. At night this law tune. But the visitor and test the cooking and table source Basta will appear like a giving and all matters. You may altur our day in Transe, the next in from firity-limb. Diegoin the Italy, the mext in Russia, the next by Enricey, and an our through synthet will be seen electric a week, hirving vone hinchean or dinary in Viennie, Carra, lights at all solars, sparkling. Berlin, or Buda-Proth, and Brotting voint expenditure according and thishing as though the to your resonnes, at rates fixed by the Exposition management.

A week at the World's Livin will pass life a thish. It will be with alignounds, authors, emeral time to go home again almost before we know it. And as we talks idile, and joirels of every built. The truth and leave the big city behind no, we realize that over But it is not alone from the Chicago is only a small dot on the face of the earth, and lasignilidome of the Administration, vant as a speciacly compared with the world in a unitshell which Moos P. Hyster.

#### THE CLAM-BAKE.

A few steps east of the Fisherles Building on the northerly arm

This is a albein thely New England senseonet feedure, with a strong suggestion of Cape Cod, Woods Holl and Great Chebengue. It be managed by "donn cast" parties and abvoted, as its amore algorition, to claim-toric elliments.

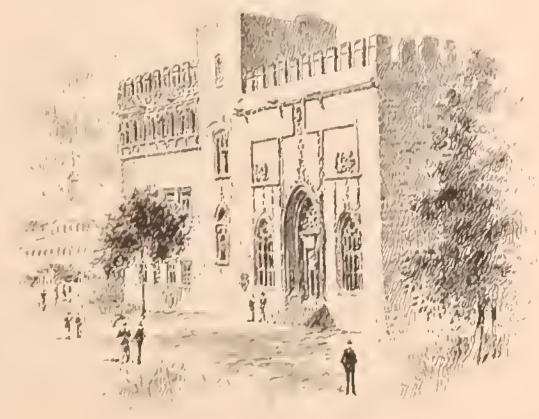
Wholever likes chans, qualings, blusters and mining other dellengliss of the highly deep, will hope have appealinglies to gratify like bodes. It t understand, too, that the following charges lenor exactly how to do it; that to be ay, how to prepare n chandado with all its most lascious throw

Morenver, this building is a constructed that intending patrons who wish to be since that the proper and most approred methods of chan-tacking nto followed, can shoul asound a central pit and, badding interthe Insurment, see exactly him this thing is slape. The propositors arrived mean that there shall be no bombing about this; and they have arminged to trouppent their chans, habelers, lith, seawerd, etc., in relays of refrigerator rans which will reach the butr group to in thirty six hours from the equits of Malne and Massachmouts.

In addition to the dining rooms on the first and second flours, there is a garden case on the owif, backing out on the lake,

#### THE WORLD'S FAIR POST-OFFICE.

A regular post-office the Wight's Path Pashal Statling Chicago, Wilnels will be established itselfs the Lish p mambe, in the United States Gavernment Bullding. There every one man post billors, hav strongs and resolve mail, as is any other post-addes. There will be quick and mentate general delivery. Many of the Slate



of Valencia.

To see through all the leadings in a week we must get there. Buildings will also arrange to have made addressed to their corebrought to them by special messenger for distribution to obdivise When we have unrebut all the buildings we omet not forget | . There will be telegraph offices in all the principal buildings,

MACHINERY HALL.



THE HALL OF MINES AND MINING.



tural magniturner of the Exposition englished course and may be in condi-

thoughtful appreciation; the splendid resources of our rown country me interesting and remarks ulde, but nothing this excited such general enrosity as published libra about the wonderful displays from the heads of which many Ameriennis know little lint arsh to linen more.

The first question usked by the ardinary visitor in Jurison Purk is the only to the Jupanese tomple. Then he seeks the shortest rante to the Ceylan courts, the French, Unishin and German exhibits, the deet of Undombard entuvels and the Convent of La Rutada. These and other unique collections being those may roman last maderate methantlan for fyrther sight-seemig.

This halbe theory upon a litch the Exposition has been planned. The architects and engineers, with their hold designs, may have had other mulives, but the men who have spont two years obtaining exhibits and being the foundations for substantial gate receipts pinned thou futth to the affractiveness of the farmire and the Jagan1||Ուհ

No on lines the managers of a World's Pull been sictortainte in attracting world-while after tum and caquention. The Columbian Manugers set to work to happy efrendistances. They aftered a competition free from the positical reamplications inseparable from an expandition held in a Enropein country. They affored a purelo commercial buttle-ground chere Germans and French, English and Russhins, or any ridger rivids, readd to rosaird of hupin thilles. They provided a fairly acrossible sput for the

mitigal products they have to exchange for the hixaries of Alfe.

the rest of the globe, with the result that incomition, however small - Minos, Borticulture, Fisheries and Transportation. The artists, to pinor, has refused to take adviralings of the mediation issued by percentists and manufacturers of each country contend for the President Untrism Licic years ago.

At the unitsel, however, the grant foreign powers disdained to attracting custom, treal the question of participation seriously. In the first place ting did ist it could to toping the Fatr. The least subtable that collections of the Shighalese are attributely movel, and the wide life, where burbarie jewelry, embryadevies and all manner of

the better, however, for the French are new vidisted, as only enthushistic, enorgetic Prouchmen can be, in an affort to surpass all other countries by the tabliance and hemity of their exhibits.

Agring toreigners pretignful movies to lineve heard of Chiengus. Thus were attaile to sand their varianted paintings stelliene maries and office products to a city where sufficiences supposed to roun the streets, where swenge budding wheld mp" entite curs, and where red amyrely regned supreme. A commissioner sent out by one European government to report upon the Fulinetmille replered liks letters inhibussed to New York, fearing a linek of postal facilities west of the Alleghenies; but as a result of his visit that government decided to spend nearly a million alidlars in an exhibit.

The managers of the Five were inver dishord emid. They sent agents to all ignirties of the globe to explain then plans and awaden interest. This propagation exented a remarkable change of sentiment, one country, no larger than Spain, promptly entiting for a unlien square feet of STRIVIN

Great Britain and Germany soon decided that the anurhots of the world were at stake. Rughyad realized that the volumewee of her virst colouid. pressessions was memoral by the Partied States. Germany had virtually avoided exhibitions smey our Centennial, but more, with the aggressiveness claymeteristic of her young ruler, she determined to spare use effort in asserting, her manufacturing

importance. Her resolve was the signal for activity in France; Empire of the Czar, stretching across two continents from the surface france; the dropping is penulc in the slot. countries speedily pomed in a serandly for representation.

The South and Central American republics came forward in a body. Turks, Change, Australians, Scandingsmus, Greeks, Japanese, Spannards, Bussians, Portuguese, Swiss, Australia, Singlisdese, East Indians, and even the remote Koreans, who had never before appeared at an exhibition, as well as nearly every other people under the sun, caught the fecer.

The Exposition irrelaterts were compelled to aild building after landling in their efforts to meet the deminals for space that had been wroused in distant binds. It was found impossible to sixtisfy even the greater part of the dynamids, and when nearly two coats of lacques, each followed by laborators polishing; and all million square feet of those had gone to the foreigners, in many the furniture, decorations and collections in the triple structure instrayes they devided accept additional buildings of their own.

England, Germany, France, Spain, Sweden, Norway, India, Ceylon, Japan, Brazil, Guntenmh, Maiti, Custa Rien, Colombon and a few others adapted this method of merensing their promi-

entire displays in their special paylitous.

After condering through the muzes of Jackson Park for a few hours the thoroughly beauldered visitor will be fortunate if he ever reaches a condition which will allow him to sum up the most siriling foreign exhibits in fifteen infinites, biosever rapid bis concernation. Even to skim over the wonders of the Krappi exhibit, with its one limited and thirty-two ton gun and other monsters of voir and peace, would exhaust more time than that.

Whole days must be spent to obtain any satisfying idea of Frame's splendal Manifectures court, abounding with the heartsful products of Sevres, Linnoges and the Gobelius, and profuse in languages, willow peacelry, and nR those exquisite things in a high the

In this court an ardinary effy libek is filled with incomparishe After all, almost ecoryhody gues to Chiengu be see what articles which may be broadly described as the luxuries of life.

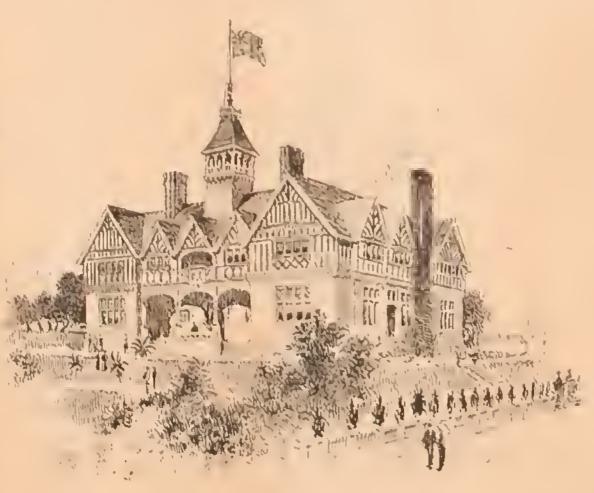
Great Britism and Germany, with shadar sections emoded with



The German Building.

Phlengo has thus presented the most entiring inducement to contain inhillings of Agriculture, Machinery, Pane Arts, Electricity,

The some great fundings it must appear to the ordinary sightthey reasoned that no World's Evar corthy of the mumo could be seen that the majorite of the exhibits are much alike, whether number result in two years and a half. The professional expositions produced in this or that countries Among the conspicuous



The Bullish Building

and when these three nations applied for space, all the other great. Baltic to the Bering Sea, provides mannerous ratules inthertounknown in America and nucqualled in any land.

The Mikudo's subjects have restored the Hooden or Temple of the Phoenix. One song accumilely represents the architecture of the l'injuvara period, vight centuries ago, the other represents the Ashikaga period, corresponding to the twie of Cidumbus, and the many partion or body of the Phonix, the Takingayay period of inglumified years ugo. The veilings and interior onlis are highly decorated with invthological and historical pictures, and are marvels of premous metals and brogner work.

Much of the woodwork has been treated with as many as nity. региничні Лиранску пінкенці.

Chinis has no lightly except a theatre in the Plaisance, where-

had seemed in the great departmental hiddings, but some of the visuals may be enjoyed by the extremely bungry. But her smuller countries were gladly metorded perindesion to collect their imperial potteries and her silk merchants, her matting weavers

Intricately carved Himleo articles, Cutch silver and gold ware, highly orante Benares brusses and Tanjore copper, Cashingro shavels, carpets and rare fideres are found in tudia's contribution.

Richly wrought gold and silver falores, Kharasan wools, mosans and antiquities have some from Persuc. In gargeons temples of curved about, smalled and jak woods, gainly costumed untives serve the delicions tea of Ceyliai.

These are among the splendid exhibits menul to turn the tide of fushim to the wares of those countries.

Persons who bave looked at Austria's majolica, crystal and fairner, the Greek easts of incomparable agreent sculptures, Russia's maluchite and connels, Germany's guns, Italy's gondolus, The Seess antelies and music-boxes, the Spanish curavels and the Aztec relles and other carios from Mexico, Central and South

between the United States man-of-war and the Art Galleries.

Most imposing is the Kniser's house, pierring the sky like a Prassian spilled behalf, blending every type of German architecture for hundreds of years past, suggesting medieval castles, old nion halls, churches, cottages and palaces in stone, half timber and metal. This building shifters probably the most valuable collection ever displayed at an Exposition, for it consists of all the gifts received by German emperors since the unitiration of the Fatherland.

Sweden line it Seandmityian enthedral tilled with trensures from State museums. Victoria House is a handsomy English Villa of the time of Henry VIII., built just at the edge of the lake. France reproduces the Hall of Hercules m the Palace of Versailles, where Benjamin Franklin signed the first treaty made by the United States with another power. This upartment contains all the Lafnyette relies which have been loaned by his family for exhibition. Connected with this is no Junie pavilion devoted to the model municipality of Paris.

Spain has reproduced the Lonja at Valencia. Contemple has a coffee plantation with its Accellthy (owner's house. Costa Rien, Buiti, Culmután and Venezuela have similar structures. Brazil has erected an exceedingly strikmg building in which are displaced the works of her artists, and which will subsequently be removed to Rio de Junyiru-

These Infillings, in addition to providing mon-manufacturing, consuming countries to show visitors what every tuch of ground with Urance for usuads in each group of the celebrateristic representation of foreign architectural fashions, are classification of the Exposition. Socit is with all mations throughs, intended as chili-housas where visitors from their respective conntries anny restachen sufficiently demornfized by trying to see the whole Expusition the first day of their arrival.

Whole weeks will not be wasted it spent in the Midway allphinns of honor or for the methal which may be powerful in Philspince. This is the auphemistic term for the section devoted to uside-shows." This is the spot where the Exposition bondlinders hope to reinitorise themselves; and here the pilgrim thirsting for sight-seeing will be inclined to keep his purse wide open.

Here are neres of characteristic shops in which the addest of holders in France shrugged their shoulders and declared the feat exceptions are those from Japan, China, Ceylon and Russia, addithes may be appreciated an secured. Streets of Chico and impossible. Though the French Covernment was the first to. The unique clotsoning inequels, embranderles and curvings from Tunis, a Moorish pulace, sertions of Constantinople and Algiers. formully merely the official invitation, the French press for a long - Chine and Japan we not to be found elsewhere; the captivating | and Polynesian villages provide adequate pictures of unformiliar

> pariosities are made and sold by antives. This section of the Expusition is brilliant with its gibled domes, multividided thigs, awnings and langings, its rive rugs and previous metal fabries; Tout no notional privile has led to its entiring

> Here also are the cyclorumus of Switzerland and several cities, as well as a realistic speciacle representing a descent into the lurraing erater of Kilayung in Haywii.

> A Humburg showman lins vrected an amphithentre where ten thousand persons may witness the performance of a multitude of tryined animals in a vast caged areas. In cottages grouped around elever counterfeits of Muckross Abbey and Blarney Custle, Ivish persants make laces and log oak earyings. Not far away is a branch of the most famous Venetion glass company,

Provision for the inner man has not been omitted. At whitest every turn there are Viennesc, Polish and Pivrisma vafes, English ions, German tweeves. New England claim-bakes, Japanese and Singlishese ten-houses, and no end of restmirants jumporting to cator to the judices of all nationalities. Coroa may be tasted at a searc of Dutch booths; and every hund which grows coffee serves that beverage as only untices can prepare it.

The Exposition is a prohibition vity to the extent that alvehedic drudes may be admined only as accessories to meals in regular restaurants. There are no American bars. Pure Wankesha water which has journeved through a hundred indes of pipe may be obtained at a thousand

Here are the characteristic odors of every clinic, the Bulgarian withir of ness, the fragiant shrubs and blossoms at the tropies, the fountains of German and French colognes, an infinite number of delightful scents, as well as the arount of the Eskumos and some others with which Americans are tortunately nufamiliar.

The sense of hearing has not been forgotten. International music is rendered on every hand. Enument I propent composers conduct elaborate orchestral performances in the Music Hall; Swedish, German and other national surring societies take part in high grade concerts in the great Choral Runhling, and military bands perform patriotic programmies torice each day near the foreign buildings.

The sign "Rands off," in half a dozen languages, is conveare characteristic of the various periods represented. This present, Almost nothing may be touched. The desire to test the limbling with its contents has been presented to Chivago as a softness of falcies is incuriably discouraged by plate glass and strong railings.

In the Physance some provision is made for visitors who unity acure as exhibitors. Most of them returned also the sections they an interminable metric drama will be emerged and others Celestial be fatigued. Chairs and beaches that have peans in-the-slot ment of the Pair cannot fail to produce exhaustion, and then expering, are made prominent. eleep may be sought in the great cosmopolitan recruciansaries of dream of home.

Righted Lab Press.

#### AN ARBOREAL PALACE.

That haribling wave than tice hundred feet in length, lo twohundred in worlth and proportionistely hafty, could have been seed mirrories are exemplated, as also the methods of protecting constructed entirely of logs, poles, suplings and withes wooden coung tree against insects, animals and chorate. pins taking the place of from bolts and rods-is another of the counters of the World's Fair grounds. Such architecture is in remarkable contrast with that of its imposing neighbors in a staff? and from Appropriately in contrast, since in this arboreal palace is lodged the number and woods exhibit of America.

Here is to be seen rustic uncluterture on a colossal scale; the triple rows of pillurs which support the encompassing parzus are sw micry large tree-trunks with the bark on them, just us they cere felled in the forests; other great logs form the door-trames and the jambs of almoses; the walls are of slabs and the interior partitions of thousands of suplings, inscrought in rude cet pleasing diagonal work. More than two much half million feet of timber are said to have been used in the construction. Even the roof is of the bark of trees.

A verifiable temple of Paul and all selvan dicinities. A shring to which it is the aspirutava of the builders that the American people may come mol, voming, worker to a realization of the grandeng of our countre's forests, and the necessity of preserving their from that ruthless wholesale destruction which has already so sadly morred the beauty and disturbed the climate of the untional demoin.

Within, the exhibits consist exclusively of forest products in the rough; logs cut to show the grain and anomal ring-growths of trees, as also the size of trees and rapidite of graveth of different kimls. Not only are the counts of American forests exhibited here, but those of foreign countries. Japan, Homburns, Peru, Haiti, Ecuador, Colombia, Mexico, New South Wides, Brazil and most European countries all have exhibits here. Sections of the tree-trunks are built apone above mawher in ormate profusion.

The foreign exhibits include all the remorkable woods and wood products, familiar to Americans only in name. India will display sandalwoods, Brazil will show the various grades of maliograpy, California the redewool and Sequova gryposten, Canada the various pines, birch and maple.

Networkin will show the results of free-phinting, and the sperml results of the observance of Arbar day in that state. This exhibit will contain falmfated information converning each specimen-North Dukota will make a similar exhibit.

five feet in character, built in the form of a peramid. Kentucky

attachments and high-price permutulators offer indirecments for specimens of crossoted words. Lagueral, trazil-word, firstic and the weary to rest. Several hours spent in the infections excites sumay, besides the carrons barks and mosses need in dvenig and cartists. Messes, infinished and Codinan, is the suggestive and mosses

A very interesting exhibit is made of heliens, mosses, ferns Chwago, where people from every mosk and corner of the earth and other vegetable substances, used for bedding and upholsteems; while hard by one gums, results, seeds, fronts, roots, berries and other forest products used in the arts and sciences, or for medicinal and household use.

> Especial prominence is given to the department of touber culture and cultivation, where are shown transplants of victions ·izes, seed collections and methods of seed testing, also implemonth and marchines for prejecting the soil and planting trees.

In this department the State of Michigan exhibits a model



The Convent of La Rabida,

Near be is a teplent logging shoute, shedeing how humberman lice. Shoubbony, thomes gardens and broad susporting walks, while in the backwoods; and over across the Lagorar fant connected, enough to accommodate all the thousands whice all countries with the Forestries exhibit in fully equipped modern steam sawwill can be seen in full operation, reducing large logs to bounds, thrill fronting the lagoon. Fifty thousand now highes will cliquinards and dimension stuff.

#### PAINTING MACHINES.

Throughout the winter and early spring, while the liabiling touches were being given the great Exposition Bulblings, change From Kentucky there will be specimens of white oak four or visitors had apportunity to see a vare while machine in operation as muching for pointing and culymining on a grand scale,

The increasities of these cast. structures may be said by bace competled the incention of such contributores. For here were millions of squice feet of wood work, uniet of it in the neigh, such as the action sides of gallery. Boors and Boarings, to be colored. To paint or calciming all Igen bulbans and expension.

To meet this want for views mpal printing Mr. P. D. Millet, produced in decley which ments, have come interexistence, the demand.

an "internizer" or "speny" be-Hy means of a hollow rulder. hulb, squeezed by the hund, and is bottle prescribed with a little find. mozzly, liquid perfume or medivine to sprayed on a landber. chiefor into the throat or no tribe.

This needs incented pointing The bottle be replaced by a twik,

will also shown fine relief map of the principal forests in the state. In slavge us a sugar borrel, and the land that squeezes the bulb firshlound in char, then conted with staff.

primping in nir, until an internal pressure of twenty pounds or Prench or Italian, the art and practice of shift-making being before move to the square meh is indicated. Two workmen then take up a understood abroad they in the Cristed States, the nozzles attuelled to the far crobs of the bose, and spray the color on the walls, or veilings.

Fourteen of these pointing muchines have been in operation hisble the great loublings. Pach machine requires the services of three men, but will patht us rapidle us twente painters A very noticeable exhibit is an immense trophy in the ventre of a working with hand brushes. A single machine,

#### TRANSFORMATION OF A MARSH.

The site of the followhlaw Exposition will be year, one slowing had given the most learnen and

To the people of overc fown, village and nonnepalite the Expesition's site will suggest The principal American exhibit in the evence of forestry will how ten, twenty or a hundred fellow-nown-menmay unite by improve the rough appearance of

> Here on the share of Lake Michigan, seroic miles out of Chicago, six hundred avies of what since consisted named "Jackson Park," and had been ours derable hoproced, thought backed much of the magnificence of its present approxime a notaber of years. If it emels or enumbes off, it can resultly be

The manuer in which it has been treated by the hindscripe valuable part of the object-lesson. Without the trained exof an expert to dreme what needed to be done, the bidl million dollars expended here might have been lavished to little purpose.

Mere grading, dresking and tecelling do not suffice to give beauty. Pleasing effects which simulate nature in her happiest moods must be produced, and it is the skill to add these muster touches which constitutes the art of the lambscape gardener.

What these netists in Lindscopes did one first to remove the thin coart of superficial soil and pile it up in heaps by itself, where It would not be burried and hist for the counted this later for the gardens. Then they ent meny the dimes and pregular knolls. Lastly, they completed the work which hid already been begin of forming the seattered bogs into a series of graceful little lagoous,

connected with each other aiml with the great bile outside by gangle walled with missin work ainladorned by stationy,

Thus what were once but straighting, describe minishes In ce been changed to delightful waterious s. These would haved out beneath wiched bibliges, Inclosing Totaly hithe ideas whom willows swiny and littles. bloom, and offering passage to pleasure confit of all lambs from the sandohis of Ventes to the mate electric hanneliesed voting America

trient foundation give the impression of supplying the Ingoonsen Ith water, and every aching the occurests on bays and stratts and massice recelment oalls.

This union of inkernol share being thus happuty consum-

limiter comp, at which the methods of loggers are illustrated, in namenal to be nully the grounds with given lawing

A million trillips will bloom in the great parteries of the tent crobl their tragrance during the early inventing bones. Lity people lie ocer ngamet rose gardens = a while ness of flowless, hept fresh and green by the sext-fulling spiny from a hundred little form in those

For their who are careful of elembness and approximate the intenutures of good windouthor, it most be inliked that everywhere beneath the surface of the grounds lie networks of drollinge pipes interpristely supplied by wester under a striving head. Through these all the words and importition attendant on the presence of great multitudes are constantly wished away

#### STAFE

Start is the stuff, the incombinatible material, with which the great Exposition buildings are recorded; the nesse garment is white which clothes their higgs goint skeletons of from and timber.

Not only are the structures chid in soull, lost the happingle of these by hand-work would have enduring perliments, explinional the profeso, general manner. bittom, as also the glgantic statuary groups and idlegation planes, mpenflot and b

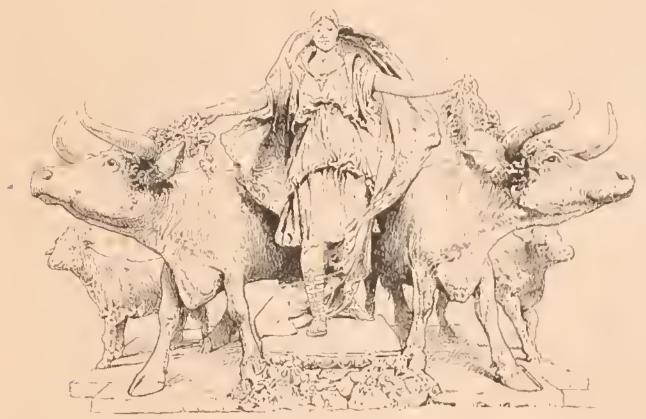
Without staff, tucked, these enormous buddlings would be Director of Dissociations, and his impossible, at anything files the present rust. One may almost ussisting, Mr. C. Y. Turner, lines as say that without start the Tada, in its present aspects, could not

This protein substance bear mixture of physics, often called Minust every vine knows what a physics of Physics and a small percent, of rement, later which may introduced frequent dlines of hemp, jute or Shall grace, to give it toughness, so that it may be built, own, milled or hared, at will,

It is east in mubbs. The plaster and rement are that well up to the consistency of thick tremle, a hiver of which is spread on the well-interested modd. Sext follows whiver it the long, touch illures; over this is pumped another coating of the impubliphister, covering in the three and illing the mails to the regulard depth.

There we modds of a hundred, ses is thousand, different patterns. muchine may be described best, and sizes, from those for costing philicitaff board, for walls, to by likewing it has huge anomizer. These for the most complex, beautiful or funtistic armivo abelian-In case of statues and statuery groups, the models are first

The interlors of the stiff sheels, when the mixing and costling The liquid calcinate, or paint, is put in the mak, with which care above, have been him places during the part eighteen months, tick these we have are connected. The motor is set at work, whoevery steamy and sinshe. Many of the workmen are Cormun,



Group on the Agricultural Building.

Ohio, Wiscousti, and North Curwlina will make exhibits of is a five horse power electric motor, or steamweagure. medicinal plants and herbs gathered in those states.

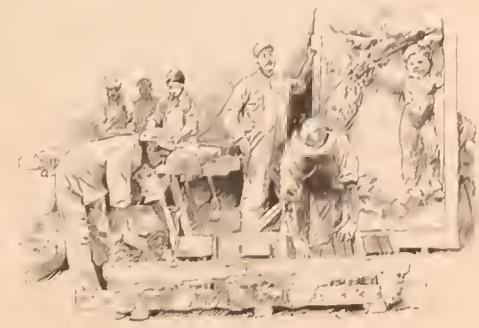
From district Purnguay will voine whe of the remarkable foreign exhibits, displaying three hundred and twente-sure varieties of woods, cash one metro in height and from toelce inches to four feet in diameter. In this exhibit are beautiful specimens of barks, deexemds and other commercial products from that portion of South America. The Argentiue Republic also has an exhibit of remarkable woods. France and Germany make illustrations of constructive forestry from the results of wide experience in Hose countries.

the building, consisting of a collection of large timber from working eight hours, has painted thirte thousand evictions states. North Carrolina contributes a great variant log, square feet. Kentocky a maromoth white oak, and Kansas a calmit log secenfeet in diameter, weighing thirty throusand pounds. There are immense tree-trunks also from the State of Washington, among which is a spar of enormants length.

The greatest scientific collection is probable exhibited by Mr. Morris K. Jessup, of New York. This exhibit is an exact a great diject-lesson to the American people this counterpart of the furnous collection of woods in the New York. Museum of Natural History velich Mr. Jessup contributed to that alreary trave of hand may be transformed to a institution. There are four hundred and twente-eight specimens occurs of beaute, of wood in the original collection, and these are for the most part duplicated here.

be placed in the hundring by Mr. George W. Vacoberlidt. It is the result of forestry experiments on his estate at Asheville, North mature about their mative place, Carolina, schere he has collected nwell vainable material pertaining to the care and enture of trees, including maps, models and working tools. These are exhibited under the direction of the which forester of the e-tate.

There is a rich display of decorative wood-, such as malogane, In the treatment of tumber to resist decay there are shown several, when the World's Fair directors took of in him two years ago, repaired with a least or trewel, from a tule of the liquid maxture



Workers in "Slattin

The composition hard-no sufficiently by be bumbled and taken of and banks, log and semiclasce been transformed to one of the away to the loubling in process of construction, in the course of hard-comest parks in the world. The place had been previoude thalf an hour. Staff is hispiroof and, to a equiderable extent, exterprised. If hept painted, it will withstriof the weather for



THE WOMEN'S BUILDING.



THE ELECTRICAL FOUNTAIN.



ENTRANCE TO THE FISHERIES BUILDING.



#### HOW TO SPEND A WEEK AT THE FAIR.

So vist, varied, and many are the attractions of the Columbian Exposition, that visitors must proceed an same definite plan if they wish to gain any clear lifer of the while dliquay. Otherwise they will have reason to regret, when too late, that they forgot or overhaded many important features.

Must eightors will probably have not more than one week in Chiengo, although the Pulr well deserves six countlis of constant sight-serbig, and thoroughly seen, would be in thelf a liberal collection. A plan, therefore, well devoked for each and every duy, will prove of great sorvice.

#### Riest Duy A View of the Grounds.

Let us suppose that the visitor has seemed lodgings and is now at one of the six outronce gates, or, befor still, is landing at the paya from the ticke-side, guidastande in hand, and indestands and pencil in pucket. How shall the first day host in squart;

the Eule, the architecture, the beauty of the grounds, the statum v. the familialist the whole parorition of effects.

Do not harry here, whatever also you have to ent short. Take englemplation of those vertable wonders. Let this grout promine adde by side on tick interior space, with room for St. Peter's mibbits and many wild notherby. A horried view of them will Innum art and effort so Impress likelf on the initial us to remain; Charele in addition! Or if you think this visal crowds that | occupy two or three limits more of our day; and we shall have to

Here to the end of your days. Do not be deerted by the lowerying equivole, but committee with your over thoughts. At much distinctly new prospect sit down for a few infantes on a banch, and so ndisorb the views os they imfold.

The great Bullding of the Manufactures and lillional Aris may well be the paint of departion for this first they's wille. It will be find not even to contar it on this duy, suvictor will along the great autor rationmatos.

Now you come to the lifty statue of the Republic, the culing majustic embudiment of the Gyalias of America. It stands in the high near the small and of the Liberal Arts Hulbling. On the left - fireling the Bushn-you ratch glimpsos of the pide-libra listo, from bytween the white Crebillian columns of the Portstyle, Ilmihed on alther limit by Mirsh (full and the Custing schere mis mily wall parise to listen to the music which will be performed here on most days of the Puli.

Passing around the fact or lake and at the Busin and turning wostward, we confront the modely Building of Agriculture, Its swalling domesurmounted by St. Granden's femous statue of

Next comes Muchinery Unil, in many respects the most boundful of the buildings, with its plensing combunitions of choosiv and Moorish nrelitectury. From within resound the whir and ruthic of michines; but these for this they shall be pessed by:

Turn then he contourphyly the towering donor of the Administration Ballding where the Expeutilys office of the Exposition ore lighted. Pass hylweon two other hulblings, that on the left devoted to Mining, and this on the right to Electrivity in all its invrival semutible and nachunical rqiplientiwas.

Before its new spens a truly imposing pumyoun rounds, torolgos, thosors, shrubbery, trombutes, shelching away for hide willbe. Buck it little at our left rises the long front of the Transportation Bullding, with its "Golden Dears"

of Hortfeultural Hill; a polyge of thewers, pulms, forus, grottes and funitifies.

Directly avenues the Lagrana from the Hartfeultural Hall stands the substructed United States Government Bullding, its dome journessly suggesting that of the Capital at Washington. Beyond it on the left, still banking northward, is placed the profty Pisherles. Building of Gothie uspeet; while own against it, across the Lagron, rises the climste, severely philic architecture at the Winnen's Buildings

#### The State and Foreign Bulblings.

Further shown the vista on the right, the view is intercepted in white Art Gullery which approximately heads the great purk-way heepze. and closes in the view mathward.

enviosed by acchitecture so colossal and imposites. One can but I necess the northern entail, near the Fisheries Building, regret that it is to embure but a slugle year. For this reason it should be the more carefully observed.

It will may be well to cross by one of the Rinho landges to Wooded Ishaml, or Rose Ishand, sixtementers in extent, situated in the midst of the great Lagran, where are the "Hooden" and other Japanese exhibits in the midst of flower-gardens.

Afterwards, walking more deliberately, one more approach, in ] more closely. Previously we find taken but a distant crew of confour weeks instead at one at the Paul them from the fact of the grand parts any.

refreshment at some of the many assurrants may be this time he needed. Afterword, take an excuesion of a table or more among the townerous State Buildings, which form a small rate of themselves, and a very hundsome one, at the north end of the grownils. While here one should cisit the Eslama Village, or grounds, where some sixty Eskimos may be seen at home.

mainly at the northeast side of the grounds, can now conceniently. Telephones, Motors and Lights, and other subtle devices of which you tickets of admission, that your pocket-book will suffer here

difficient to believe is only a firick structure, built up from the bottom of the lake, may be visited at the pier hard by.

Themse, passing down the water front of the Liberal Arts. Building, there may yet be duylight for visiting the Convent of La Rabidic, assuranted historically with the saidly trunbled life; of Columbus; the Forestry Budding, the Krupp Gun Bouse, the Leather Bidding, the Stack Payllion, the Sawmill and the Cattle

Some of these may back to be neglected, or given but a cursory glance, in passing; for by this time the eyes and feet of visitors will be allke tired. Yet if this programme be athered to, the hest of the outward aspects of the Fair will have been seen.

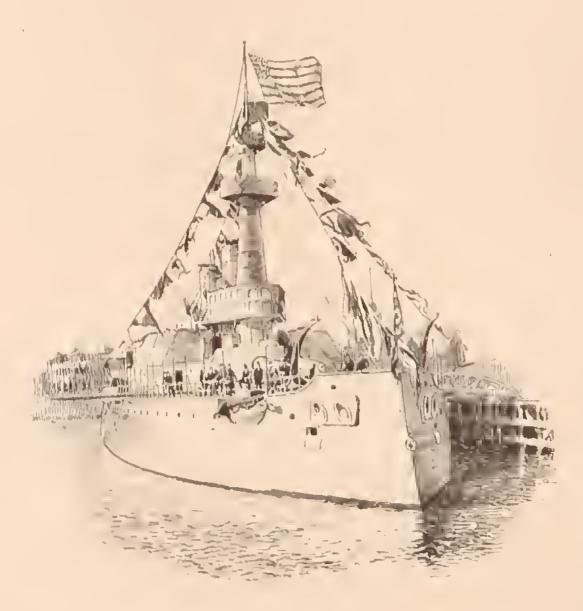
#### Second Day The Manufactures Bulbling.

The visitor may may he said to have sent the Furr in its outs of-door aspects. Next come the more especially interesting

lathor festures. One full due of the six should be devided to the incommely variet exhibits in the great Bulbling of the Manufactures and fallered Aris. A month, indeed, neight be spent here. The ladding itself is a fair, one had almost said a city, of streets, alimps mult address.

the covers the area of a gual-sized farm. Furty-four neres of theorems toucket and advanced with the most heartiful specimens of human handiwork, from all over the world.

Shall Comple the toys for whom I write, to gain a hotter idea Certainty in seeing the grand laddings, the external aspects of our this humanic structure, when I say that six full granes of lase-Total, each on a regulation "Sucht," might be phryed at once on the much floor, with space for hatting so nare-traded that a . Ohome run't might be made on each Hold, standfuncously ?



The United States "Brick" Ship Illinois

Further to the north, on that some side, swells the luminouse donne | are he congregate here this year will believe you no room to move one roof. Hours will pass like imments here. wheat, you may be reassured when you are told, that the entire stunding wrow of importal Gyrmanic might be assended beyonth-

All this great wien is full of the unist obeginn and easily articles in the world. Trule, the visitor needs to be here as early as the gates are opened, on this day, if he is to see a humbrealth. part of this victical coulth?

To specify here even the intine of the exhibits is impossible. Nicome could see them all in a month, much less in a slav. Each their location.

This day in the Building of Manufactures and Liberal Arts will general government. just by the million tints of the largest of all the State Buildings, the the eyes often, and time and again it will be edvisable to that of Illinois. Its enstean wing is outlined against the legitiful | within a to the voluminde on the lake-side to cost and take the

When food is needed at may be found across the great wand, at Nowhere in the world can see amonitreent a plant be would, the Hany cafe southward of La Rivbide; in at the "Unin-Bake"

#### Third Day Modern Inventions:

of vesterday. It should melinde Machinery Hall, the Mines, entrances. It is part and partiet of the Exposition, and admit-Electricity and Transportation Buildings to each one of which tance to the latter entitles the visitor to general admittance to the turn, each of the six louidings lest above unused, and dispert them an entire day might well be decided by cisitors able to spend three. Plots, once, but not to its special attractions, or "shows,"

> acres of those space in Machinery Hall. Do not fraget the powers house, in the near, where are housted the immense botters of set all these muchines in motion.

he made, and the model of a Battle-Ship, the Hlooms, which it is jour father-knew nothing, but which enter into the every-day life

Parallel and algerest of the Electrical Building stands the Mining Building, to a high occuray next take our way. Here are . displayed all those varied devices by which mea pierve the rugged mountain lodes, and wreach the metals from the iron grasp of Nature. Here are ares, gents, crystals, enal, noke, petroleum, outural gas, gold, silver, tin, mekel, minerals in general. Here are stamps or erushers, assay and induing apparathe, borning and strilling machinery.

It is nalisplay which one might profitably visit for study every day for a seek. But we must cross over to the Golden Door of the Transportation Building, where for two loans more we shall find our attention obsorbed by palace cars, locomotives, road eaganes, stema craft, vaclits, mayal construction, flying-mayblues, phermutic titles, in short, all the devices of modern travel at Ingli speetla

#### Functh Day - The Produce of the Flelis.

Go Brist to the Bullilling of Agriculture, one of the most beingtiful structures on the grounds. Beneath its ample roofs lie spread not eighteen neres of exhibits, of interest to all, and of especial interest to the farmer, muchanic and gardener. Here, annudst a cadm, suggestive of green fields and pastures, we find regents, grasses and forage plants, sugars and confections, dairy products mal finds, fictuing tools and farm buildings, pure neal mineral waters - managerable articles suggestive of country life and country quiet. Two or three hours will be orenpied in gaining even the must general conception of them,

Next, we may well go be see the exhibit of lice stock beneath the forty neres of sheds in the rear, to the southward. Here are Three Policennos Ilke that of nucleut Rome reight be set down horses, entitle, sheep, camels, gonts, swine, dogs, cals, ferrets,

unlands, with no more than a glaure inside it.

Finally, pass up through the granids, northward, to the Horffeullural Building, amidst whose lavely flowers, polins, gruttus and fountains the two last hours of the afternoon may be approgreately spent.

#### Iffith Days

Some particularly pleasing spectacles have hern purposely reserved for the last two days of the week. Two hours of the morning of the fifth duy may be spent at the Women's and t'hildren's laddings, neighboring one another, to the north of Hortfridtural Hall.

The exhibit in the Winnen's Building is designed to represent the progress of wommy from the earlier, darker ages of luministic to the present ern, and to illustrate some all what may In called the public services of the sex. There is n model hospilal and model kindergarten, as well us parlors fitted to illustrate the comforts of home.

Another department is deviated to those organcentions of return unit clurity of which women larcy ever been the elacupions.

In another wing there is a model kitchen; and in the open nir on the word, whenve a grand view of the grounds is oldnined, are the oldninging gurdens," with pleasant cafes attached.

At the CldMren's Building near by may be seen all minaner of famous toys, including the "tulking dull." Here also are invold marseries, kindergartous, children's kitchens, créches, etc. It is a place to which the little ones will beg to return, time and agam.

The chief interest of this moving's exemsion, Imagever, will be centred at the Pine Arts Buildmg, with its spirvious Annexes, whore are to be seen tive neres of the imister-pieces of the world's grentest painters, scriptors, etchors, varvers and other artists. Saver before has so varied and extensive an Art (lisplay been vallected under

Yet time must be economized, this afternoon, to visit the Pisheries Building, where all the buys, at least, will be employeded by the illustrations of seo-fishing and angling, fresh-cater fishing, and fish culture. Living fish, large and small, of almost every known kind, till the great typks of the aquavia, some of which have a expansive of forty thousand gallous.

If possibly, we hour more of the aftermon must be given to the interior of the stately United States Government Building, heated agrees the canal immediately south of the Fisheries. Here visitor may best give attention to the things that have special are control, Gathing guns, shells and projectiles of every sort; Interest for him, and the Official Guide-Book will direct him to availity, showing specimens of every your mode by the United States; and also exhibits from every other department of the

#### Sixth Day - A Tour of the Midway Phisoner.

Most cisitors will teel the need of a little recreation, after tive fall thors of conscientions sight-seeing. We propose, therefore, to spend the foremon in Inving a rocal good time in the Midway Physaure.

This paction of the Pair, somewhat apart from the main grounds, is a comparatively morrow strip of hund, seconseighths of The plan for this due will be interh more extended than that or mile in length, between the Fifty-minth and Sixtieth Street

These are "convessions;" that is to say, the enterprising pro-There will be time for no more than a leisurely walk anialst prictors pay for the privilege of boing there, and therefore charge Several hours will be fromd to large chapsel already, and the thousands of chittering machines which cover the seventeen, admission fees. We may regard our visit here as of the initiare of a recreation, and not to be taken too seriously.

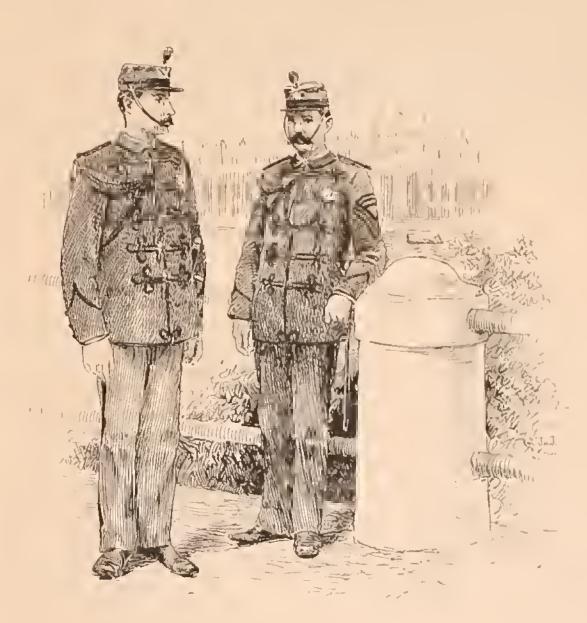
We can think of it as the "Brother Yagger" part of the Fair. boilers, and the twenty-hour thousand horse-power engines that. Here is the Tower of Babel, the Captive Balloon, the Stidiog Railway, the Turkish Village, the Moovish Palace, the Street in Leaving Muchinery Hall we may next enter the lofty portal. Cairo, the Ferris Wheel, the Dahomey Village, the Hagenbeck Input Colony, Iwested in the extreme morthwestern covner of the of the building devoted to Clectricity, less noisy than the one or Animal Show, and many other pattractions," about which, have left, but not less complex. Here are nearly ten agree of choolaless, other writers will give information to the readers of A trip to the loublings of various foreign nations, situated. Electric Dynamos, Batteries, Telegraphs, Signals, Heaters, Forges, The Companion. The proprietors are so extremely willing to sell aside a fixed sum for "fm" before making this excursion.

There will now remain of our week but one afternoon in which stronsors' legs and a white band on the way. to take a farewell scalk through the main grounds, and a parting glance at the grand buildings. One may spend an hour at Muse of which a captain and company of the guard are assigned. Beg. grounds at Chicago, where it will formum on exhibition much Hall, mother visiting the Columbian Caracels, the old War-Ship Viagara, and the Convent of La Rabida, and the rest of the afternoon in the buildings of Archeeology and Forestre,

C. A. Strimiss.

#### COLUMBIAN GUARDS AND GUIDES.

"What are all these soldlers for!" one visitor exchannel. "They have megans, but they all wear side-arms, and seem to be on duty everywhere. I wonder if they are Illinois militad?



Columbian Guards on Duty.

the birty who accompanied the speaker. "And so gentleminly!"

Exposition are the Columbian Guards. There are about twenty- allowed to act in this expanity five hundred of them, and they are here to preserve order, protect visitors and curefully guard the eastly exhibits which fill these two lumidred acres of limiblings.

Few will understand at first thought how emanimisty vulniable is this great aggregation of perspectly, and three sidicities the exhibitors and owners, jurticularly the foreign exhibitors, feel concerning it. With what misgivings have they sunt it so far intoa comparatively new mountry, of the wild and lawless doings in which they have often heard exaggerated tales?

there are millions on millions of dollars' worth of gold and silver. Industries and the Convent of ware, jewelry, genys, dimmonds, linees, embraideries, impestries, eastly fires and core works of art. But it is for certain antique and memorial collections that the greatest auxiety is felt.

In the Art Gallery, for example, -which the exhibitors properly insisted should be a fireprior structure, one pointings, sculptures and enryings, the value of which enume even be estimated in money. For if marred or destroyed, of course these great and valuable works of human genins and insparation could never te replaced.

The advisability, the absolute necessity, of a strong corps of true and tried men, the personal honesty and honor of every one of whom is beyond question, will be monifest.

#### How the Guards Are Organized.

To meet this important exigency the Exposition Directors have and like armament; while gains valled to the task of guarding the Fair, Cuborel Edmond Rice of  $Mnssichusetts_i + n_i gullunt_i Union_i subher_{i^*} and_i entrusted_i to_bino_i eight tons each are more common_i$ the responsible duty of uniking peverything safe mul secure."

Culonel Rice has associated with him captains and immorotheers from the United States Army, the Grand Army, the National Guard and the Layal Legion, and there have been excefully enlisted for service as guardsmen, young men of good character and agreeable presence. In every case, the requisite has been imprestignable proofs of good character, soliriety and honesty. They must also be intelligent and id courteons manners.

It was recognized that young men of this stamp could not be induced to serve for the pay of an ordinary army private. Sixty dellars per month and aniforms, with lodgings in comfortable harracks, are, therefore, allowed them, the sorgeouts receiving contest, chilled steel projectile seventy and seventy-five doffur- per month

The minform consists of a blue cloth sack cont, ornamented, charge of powder near eight with five rows of black braid across the front, and the nonal gift hundred pointeds. So that, speakhuttons. The transers are of fighter blue, with two stripes of sing of it is a ritle, we may bluck braid down the outside seam and narrow red stape between say that the cartridge for this them. The fixtigue cap is of high pattern, with a red hand and minimidal (moder weighs wellurnamented in front by a crussed gun and sound of the era id might three thousand pointly.

of the juttern of 1192. A belt and hand-one small sword or at a ticle loaded,

hanger completes the equipment.

mlar, continuous patrol dute is done in and about the principal. Notember mext buildings, both by day and night, and the Controlsmen are ondute four hours and off four, alternately. It is also a part of the United States at the Patriappear like mere toys. One of these,

or branch of the Columbian Exposition service has received the mome of Columbian Guides.

The first was recognized that many visitors at the Pair would be able to remain but a short time, some for me more than a feit features, in a lovef time, a guide thoroughly familiar with all the Paris.

exhibits and with the grounds accould prove a valuable and-

Such a guide, to be efficient and satisfingery, could med to be bright, abort, nunstially bitchpleasing minimers. It occurred, therefore, to Coholel Rice and his indide-comp, thirt. Lambin. that a corps of gunhs, to the number of the hundred, perhyles. might be minde aject college strdents and theological students, such as find If necessary to assist themselves while getting an edum bon.

On this plan and from young men of this class the Calombian Gunles are recruited and organi-Izeil.

Before entering upon their responsible, but by no means disagreenide duties, the students receive a preliminary training, histing from four to six weeks. Afterwicals they will be stationed nt various points where approprinte signs will inform the puldle that guides may be seemed on payment of a nonumil fee.

Students from minry calleges have promptly volunteered for the service. The submy will probably be about the same as that of the regular Guardsmen; but the duties will be far less walness, although requiring Intelligence of in high orders

The service will afford a grand chance for a bright young student to see a great deal of the Expasition, and perhaps make many emprice of the snaw-tillings.

"Aren't they hamboune fellows-whoever they are?" remarked - pleasant acquaintuaces among parsons in the higher wallow of 400. The Guides will be distinguished by findges and a partial uni-These "soldiers" who reastitute so meeting a feature of the form; and more save those of the Columbian corps will be little structure disclosed itself beneath the wreathing monochants.

#### GREAT CANNON ON EXHIBITION.

of didlars upon his exhibit of econom and other arms at the and edigies of the artists' fancy gazed down, as if and dealy In the grand loubling of the Manufactures and laberal Arts, this purpose, placed, between the hulbiling for the Leather, times startling; their white faces seemed to wear a look of name

> The chief interest of tlds windlke display will rentreman. emirmons rithal cannon suid to weigh two limiters and sixtyfour thousand pionois, or a hundred and thirty-two tonsthing tons?" which is asserted to be the largest enumin ever east, or at least the langest and the henviest.

In the forward turret of the British Buttle-ship Suns Parill are mounted two common of a lumifred and ten tons ench. H. M. S. Pactoria alsa carries but on the battle-ships of France and Italy.

This one hundred and thirty. two ton gun exhibited by Krupp is a breech-folding steel rifle, forty-eight feet in length, having n caliber of sixteen and a half inches. The dimmeter of the piece near the breech-black Isix feet and four melies. The

I med with the instruming charge of powder the price is resulted from the contation of the blizzard. with knots of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receive to several steam or water is was set at work elearning the reads. Available almost new receives the steam or water is was set at work elearning the reads. Available almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders, and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders and loops of the almost new receives the steam of the black braid on the shoulders.

The firetuen who may the four steam fire engines, stationed on a size obridge" mounted upon two converting care, having shell carried away at legence.

if you do not goard it rignily. It may perhaps be well to set the grounds, are also a portion of the Columbian Guards, but are frames and sixteen which can accurate the Baltunoic the distruguished from the Guardsmen proper by a white stripe on the Pennsylvania Bailioux research it from the strainship and loaded if on a similar bridge and near cars, constructed one; this Germani The Exposition grounds are divided into eight districts, to each model. Theme it was drawn as a special from to the Exposition

Compared with this lings gain, the largest cannon exhibited by their duty to answer questions and give needful information to however, is far from being a planthing from any ordinary point of view, It is a ficefor mich forecleheading rifte, weighting about Corragions Germas. Another more recently organic educates sixty tions, that easis feet six meties in length, and through it projectile of a thousand pointds. Tour hundred and sixte pointds of psecder are burned every time it is fited, and the tange is a stimuted to be nearly in quite ten infles.

The same shell cars and tordge employed for the krippinguin hours; and that in onler to see the most passible, or the best, were made use of for transporting each of these great gans to the

#### A BLIZZARD AT THE FAIR GROUNDS.

Very beautiful on these little spring dies are the Exposition ligent, of good toxeding and grounds, more that everything is approaching completion and vermal value are freshearing the lawns, gardens and copies. The great white palmes, profusely advanted with allegorisal statings, take to themselves new splendors in the method Mire simshfine. Bound them sparkles the blue like, at their feet they are duplierted to the broad Lagoon.

The buildings wie essentially summer palices. The great white statmery groups suggest classic and southern bunds with which whiter his nothing in common. It was for this very reason that the great snewssforms of hist January and February milde siich strauge scenn v here.

I chanced to be among the few persons who struggled out from the city to the Exposition grounds on the forenoon of February 18th. A heading blizzard had sweeped down from the neitherest. Partili, sky and city were lifelier in a cortex of thorody driven snow. At times one could with difficulty stand could in the leadof the idinding, whithing clouds, and within it was very cold.

Promethe sheltered southeast corner of the Heatlenhand Itinfilling the specticle was sumething more than whitever it was million mything I limb ever before seen or imagined. It could be virgindy but fitly described only by that much almost word, march, At one moment gusts enveloped the eather grounds, blotting out everything from view, midding the place look as vicant us the blink white levels at a Mainteduc pradius. Then sublenly from out the chliving chaid, would bean the gigantle, dim outline and root of some great loalding.

Lifteen mountein ratge the great Mountactures Bullding arose mercess the Lugium, to be host again as quitefuly as it find appeared. Now it is the lafty dome of the United States Gavernment Hulbding that breaks for an auxious through the shifting drift, disappears and is followed by an equally tagitive gitarpoord the dame of the Hilliness State Unlikting; further to the much one has a thering vision of the pule lasheres Unithling and the low, black place beyond it. Then wind and whicking white again libbs overything till the lifty porhils of the Chertricity and Mining Hulbilings emorge startlingly near emerge and disappear, in turn, at the

 $\Delta Y$  one moment the unity idigical yieldide was Theadard Roosevolt's log "friniter's entripy" on an islet of the layoun. That quidne

Not a human today was in sight. In the sound discurrity and glinstly whiteness, all these cost, termithese structures gave one the unpression of ruins. It was as if some nameless catastrophe land come to this interferences of the highlers.

What especially heightened this itemy similitatic uses the At the suggestion of the German Emperor, Herr Wrugo, the frequent, indistinct glimpses of the good groups of white, and fannois manufacturer of great gams, will expend about a million - stations, . For the from thick snow clouds these emblements figures Wirthl's Furr. A large limbling has been erreted especially for amfolded from the boson of the storm. This effect was some design in for the Header that had

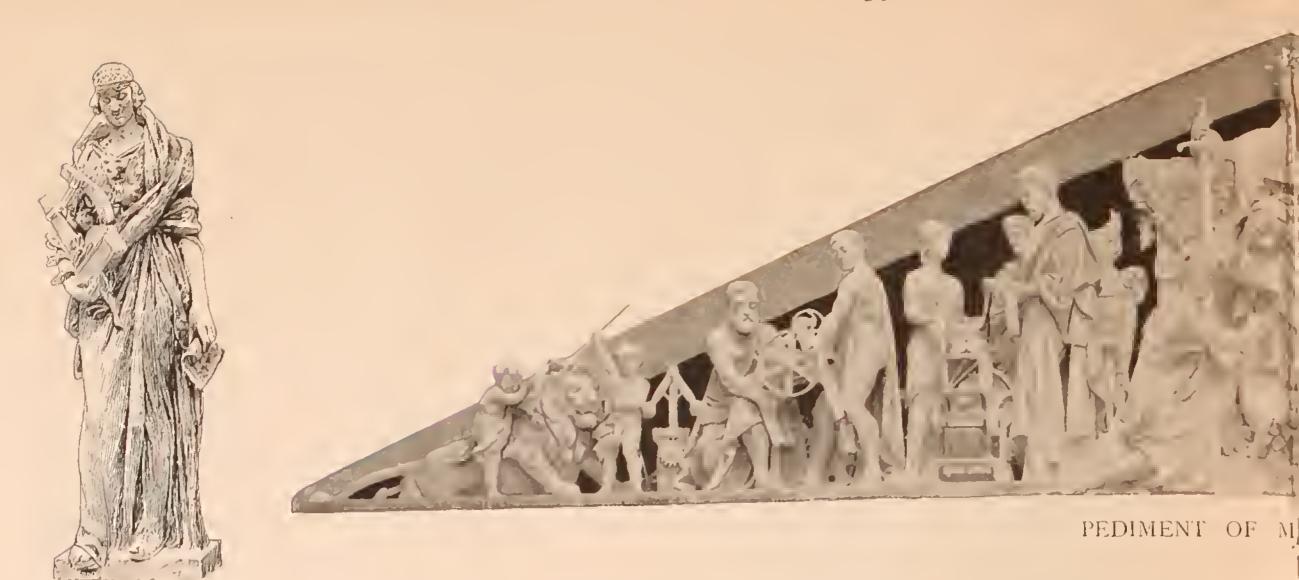
> Henring one's only slowly parst the long front of the Transpartation Building and turning Infectibe described segmine where stands the Administration Dubit ing, one saw atminge officets procented by the mural publifugaon the matherly fronts of Machinery Hall and the Agrienfrand limitaling. Only at Intervals esockly a plhopse to gadnesh of the little, height statue of Dhim, on the degree of the Agricultural Bulbling; and then often the gorbless scenard to be traversing the whitaky, the white dome beautifully feet being hidden from view.

Nearly or quilte in foot of misov fell that driv; and the complistive unight of it on sec many wereauf rands seemal at um time by is on the point of producing manething wurse than an ideal entrestrophe, The saddles of the roofs broke thewn ін а grest шяну ріксея, рісеіріturning turns of snow and broken glasse to the flours believe. An are a sife themsend square feet in the roof of Machinery Hall fell at once; and this was feared. to be but the prefude of a still. more thrillie calligor. Hut the frong trinswork hore the strain well, and the look of nothing four costly thru sash and glass

same on the breast, doing with an eagle's head and a crossbow required to hoost the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the projectile to the chamber of the gin when a performance of the performance of the gin when a performance of the performance of the gin when a performance of the performance of the gin when a perf From the factors at E-sount was transported to the sea upon the snew could be thrown down to the theore, whence it could be



#### THE YOUTH'S COMPANION



MUSIC.



THE MANUFACTURES AN

ORLD'S FAIR NUMBER.





LIBERAL ARTS BUILDING



It was a happy thought of the Directors to separate from the Exposition proper all those features that full within the eategory of "Shows" and place then somewhat uport and by the roelves, where they run be seen or omitted at the pleasure of the visitor.

Midway Philsones is a trust seven alghths of a mile in length by two lumbred yards in width, extending away costward at right angles from Jackson Park, the site of the main Exposition. It is ynclosed, as may the Exposition grounds; and the same ticket of admission suffices for both.

But extra inhufesion few are charged by the proprietors of all the amusing special \*\*Craryssions\*\* which constitute the attractions of the Phrisman, Here, then, all may spend a little money in regreation, or in the restriction with which the place idopends. All the "Shows" and "Slights" here are embrently proper, while not a few passess merits which commend then, especially to young follow

#### Mechanical Cantrivances.

Thin Statushi Rathaway extends whong the enthre south side of the Physonre. It is not an inclined plane, to the more might suggest, but resvioles un ordinary elyvided rallmoid. Here, by purchase of a ticket, the visitor may this at the rate of a humbred ndles put limit. A speed of ic himilyed and sixty falles on hour loss, imbed, been channel for the train. The motive power is water maker lilgh pryssure.

and lifty parambe to the square 30th is forced out betwixt, the balandsolon for has to be paid betwee entering. No resentional need priore than ninetyen years of age.

surface of the rail and the slace, thus continuously litting thy shorton a film of water ident a sixteenth of on first in thickness.

Judned with avery second enruid the treinthere is a furlding motor driven by water from the sums large  $\mathrm{pdpw}_{\mathrm{c}}$  which extends linearth the track. The motors impel the truly, which glithe onward very visitly and smouthly, since it Bierally rosts on the water film between the mil and the cur

This Caption Barbook. In the our of wharge, strong Indivou, which is socnisdy michored to long thies, visitors who have neromantle tastos mics make a veryage sleyward, isseending lifteren hundred feet flya hundred feet lighter them the celylenited Riffel Towers. If the day chosen for the isserut be river, a thre view of the Exposition grounds, the lalve and the city of Chicago may be althyined. A purty of Aftern pyrsons rany ascend of one times

Thu: Planus Where, This is a producious intrapart of those "swing-wheels" aften syen at vignitry fairs; un open, vertical wheal with swinging souts, utturbed at the perimeter, which toger their squillbrium and syt altermately assend and dyseyad as the wheel need cos-

Thy wheyl at the Phrisance is two landryd revolution will be symething quite firrilling.

The Towns of Banks. This odd structure is sald to have a declared wherevels of sight-seers? hyight of four limished feet and a dismeter at the base of one hundred. It is designed neither us a poke, nor as a larrlesque of thy modern. Chiengo hotel or linshness block, although mony of these approximate it in height.

Take that upon the Plain of Shimr this frozer is provided with a gradually assending walk which appears to call about the structure like the thrends of a screw, by means of which the elyetric railway and a swiftly running glyentor, for the benefit of degenerate modern massles. An extensive view is to be hadfrom the top story of the Tower, where there is hims a jdensing gluing of fields.

The Grass Payrogress An exhibit of a more practical sort is the Glass Works. There are two of these feetures at the untive working, will be illustrated; the other displaying the bide. blast furnive and mythods of an American Company. At the American establishment, tifty or more weakness from Toleslo will be youstantly employed. Yvry byuntiful glassware will be for sale here.

Two Nativitonia is A large swimming-pool is inclosed within a faciliting two landred and lifty by one landred and unlety bet. where one may take a real "swho" in water of agreeable bonperature, and inflerowards refresh himself at a enfe beneath the same roof. Buy's who go to the Pair will and this Natabrana ta very attractive addition to the "features."

#### Glimpses of Foreign Life.

Thy: Dynoviny Villayens, The Alguzous, or female soldiers. of the King of Dubonayy, have an historic notoriety which less been venewed within the last two years by reports of their desperate contests with the Prench army of mynsma. Assurances are given that a detail of the worlike "Indies" will do garrison service at the Dalwayey village on the Physunce.

The mody of life, houses, youkery, etc., of the Dahonetans will also be illustrated by body or lifty of these singular Africans, who will live there during the summer much as they live in their olemzens of the for north are fellow-creatures, entitled to the own country.

elyphants, cattle and horses. The trainers have a world-water numerous tribe of savages. renown and nonzy of the feats performed by the animals are little less than narvellons.

The attractions incidinged are tail a small part of those which will stud this troud avenue of the Phosance, on either laind.

There are to be a Germon Village, an Austrian Village, a Mulay Canqong, ic Tunisian Village and ic Turkish Village; in Durch Settlement, and im East Induc Settlement; un Ice Ridlwny; a dispariese Buzaier; in Moorish Pulace, and a Street in Ciaro; in Propperion House; a Minuret Tower; and a Pantomora of the Volennoof Rilmien.

Nor are these all. There are rangers of several new attractions, at the time of writing; and some, indeed, of those above mentioned may be removed from the Puir. But there will be quite enough of interest at the Phrisance to occupy at least one hidfolicy or more.

#### AN ESKIMO VILLAGE.

"Now let's going our fellowscitizens, the Eslamos!" one alert visitor at the Fair was recently heard to exchange

of feel we interest in those fidles, since Alusha was annexed, he added, "They are one follownow, you know; and they say there are twenty-tive or thirty thousand of thene living on Bulled States territory. They are really very interesting people; the oldest race on the earth; a survivid of the Stone Agy and the Glucial Epoch. And now we are going to blend them with Augho-Saxim, German, Irlsh, Negro and Chimimum, to make that fature cosmopolite the American.

"Well, a little dosh of Estdiny may do use harm," replied his emmpandon, in the same vein. "Lead the way. I'm with you."

#### The Hyme of the Eskimos.

The Eskimo Village, villed who the Husky Village and thy The curs linea an wheels, but are provided with shoes which | Limit Colony, is located in the extreme northwestern corner of show is a place through which water at a pressure of one hundred - surrounded to a great fence; and the fence signifies that a small | and Esther is a very pretty little matrial, in sent-skin, not much



Asknown and their Snow Hitt.

will liftly feet in height, or allowager, the units restling on apposite | by felt against the parties who commy, however, on | staff adapt itself to the universal such large temporary structures. towers, each one hundred and thirty feet high. It is an enormous this agreement, since they are obliged to pay the World's Fixuuffuir of its kind, with homensely heavy costings, and ultogether | directors liberally for the privilege of exhibiting it. Moveover, Is istituited to weigh fully two thousand tons. The effect of its 1 how, without some sort of hirrier and an admission fee would it be possible to protect the little settlement from being overwhelmed. Image albegorieal statuary and the emblements and mythical pieves

An area of seviend arrys is thus included, including a point, where will be dysphased during the sunner the Eskings modes of Inosting in Lagade and accordes, also fishing and seal suptures.

The village is composed of almy or ten tanalies; in all about sixty persons; men, women, loys, girls, and one flittle buly, only three weeks old—the quadratest unite of humanuity imaginalde.

Each family resides in a civilian governol with bark or with moss; visitor may reach the top. But malifer the tower of amount and there is also a topek, or budge, of andrusesloss, jutched on dicys, so for as revorsivil, there is, in addition, a double track | ldrelien poles, in which at present writing are laid up kagaks, Improcus, poddles, mets, sleeping-logs, in short, the complete south of an Liquit limiter.

On the other side of the inclosure are the dog pens, where one may see very time speemiens of the strong, thick-shaired, dewnight dogs, wlong with some very pretty pupques. Similars of limbs some dogs are running about the village. Still others are attayled Philisoppey: one where the minimfricture of Venetian glussware, by the sledges are couples, lo collar-straps and long traces of green

#### Winter Sports of the Innuits.

During the winter sensoring great mainty voting people from the Eskinwe dogs, in charge of a Husky driver, generally a lowfourteen so lifteen years of age, provided with a prodignoisly here) whip, and less than afteen feet in lyingth, the load cravely of which resounds through the village like a justob-shot.

Five of the men, three of the women and a unider of the girls. and loves have already bearied to speak English with considerable. this nev; and when the visitor has become a little familiarized. with their appearance, he will find that they are locate means locking in intelligence, shrewditess, or even in hinnor,

The three older men exime a gamber and good sense with regard to their situation at the Exposition and their sopourn in the United States, which do great credit to their powers of alceryation. and judgment. They comprise sensibly and give one the impression that they arrest the fact that they are a part of the boar and heroe must tolerate with patience and good humor the sometimes. imperament curiosity of sight-seers,

None the less, it is well for the visitor to bear availed that these yourlesies of life, and that their domiviles, though humble, should THE HAGENHEYE ANDREW Show .- This is a Gyrman "your and be rudely entered without knocking and a conficus word,

frailmed troupe of seventy or more lions, tigers, leopards, dogs, give these people the impression that Americans are a very

Several of the larger girls are comely and attractive in appearmice; and its for the lso s,-well, they are good, hearly loces, in just a little danger, perhaps, of lyarning too many things from their Chicago contemporaries.

When this was written they had not discarded their winter garbord scal-skin for summer clothing. It is decidedly hamilsome, and in the ordinary sense pexpensive," apparel, of a pearl-gray eader, fleeked and tinged with thirker tints of the fur. What especially commends it to the eye is its warmth, utility and htness to the elimate for which it has been devised.

It consists of a frock, trousers, inorcusins and hood, with underwear of fox fur; and the style of dress for the two sexys appears not to differ much, save in the norther of armimentation, bindings and borders, and in the boods attached to the eddar of thy fronk.

The hoods of the women are much the larger, being designed as latershulders, where the little one nestles confortably on maramu's shoulder. With the obvarieng spring the tlanner summer appared of dressed bird skins or light deer skin will probably by put on.

These Eskimos, it should be stitled, are not from Alaska, toit from Lateradur, from the virinity of Cupe Childleigh southward to the Mornyum Mission of Snin. They are of the same rave, however, and in gierly mythods of limiting and made of life vbosely resemble those of Northwest America, known there also as lumnits, Muhlemats and by the whalemen as "Huskies,"

Some of the manys of these people are typically Insuit. At one but the fourth of the row resides Kupa (pronounced almost us if written Cooper) and his wife, Katutreack,

Nyighhors of the expellent Kupa and his wife are Knuggegutchook and his holy. Taklivena. Three leight largs about the village are Pandulc, Dygondlak and Rivindlinit.

One bully girl three months old loars the rother pretty name of Purminiak which, as pronounced by her turnal mother, has a very musical information. One littly buy, also aged three mouths, torn in this country, has been by common consent christened Christophey Columbus!

The wey buly of threy weeks, alluded to whove, is to by named tit clossly to rulls about eight inclus while. Commerced with each. The Exposition Grounds, and the 57th Street entrance. It is Namey. Her mucher's mission ar Christianized manie is Esther;

These people have appeared rather invite at home during the rold weather of the just winter than they will through a western summer perhaps; but they will be searcely less interesting in July than in January, so remote are their habits and appearances from anything to which Americans age arenstringsle

#### THE COLOSSAL STATUARY GROUPS

And Artistic Decorations.

"Physe great Imildings, vovered with shift and pluster merely, to resemble murble and stone do they not look trushy and cheng?"

This question has been frequently asked by mmry persons who dislike shouldy work and shows effects.

The unswer is, Ny. Sw for from booking trushy and cheap, it is well high impossible to realize, from contward inspection, that these imposing polares are built of un othing save stone. The illusion is voucplyte. The invitation is not appayrent. It is with difficulty one lighters that the walls are not massary. So perfectly does

Nor is it for walls, pillars, enformandes, guldes and curnives alone that this magic uniterial lends itself with such success. It is equally availably for the artistic decorations, the pediaments, the which so precinimally distinguish these World's Fair structures

from all other great laddings of the country. Business likeles there are in noury vities as full as these; but they are simply large, square, box-like children for the most part, looking in wrehiteetural heavity was artistic aslariment. But the Exposition longidings appear fairly to librasion at every portal, portivo, payapet, areade, niche and spandrel, with not only the move evintuon, simple devices, but with a profusion of the most variously conceived statuary, specially devised for the Columbian uninversary. The extent and variety of this external art work of the Exposition is wonderful.

#### A Great Outshor Art Exhibition.

Cobosal plan groups, conveived to represent War, Pence, Arthevenient, Disrovery, Savagery, Civilization, Progress, with mythic and historic pieces, depicting limmin evolution from carliest times, give the entire site is semblished of what we many believe Athens or Riony to have been when classic art was at the zemith of its development.

And this which books to be so truly, so stipendonsly marble, neighboring vity havy enjoyed the novelty of a stedge-rule offer pure white from Mount Penteliens, or Puras, as all of staff! One numbers when and where it has all been fashioned and designal, and how the artists can have immaged it.

All or nearly all these diverse groups and pieces have been wrested here on the grounds within the jost few months. Throughand the waster the Forestries Building has been one great studio to in high mixt many, brokers-on have been inhanted, and more without as special permit, or "pass."

The Forestries Building, as many readers will recall, is located in the southwastern quarter of the Exposition granuds, on the rocky pennisula beyond the southerly arm of the Lagnon. It is five bundred and twenty-eight feet in length by two hundred in breadth, and is in itself a purposity of architecture, being of the rushy type in a remarkable degree.

A veryinda extends entirely around the structure, the roof of which is supported by a redominols of triple solutions, twenty-live feet in height, each the trunk of a large tree with the bark intact. The walls are of slates from trees; and the door-frames, windowframes, panels and interior partations are done in the same arboreal styly.

The building is designed to house the forestry and natural cession," where visitors many witness the performances of a susking permission to do so. For smely we would not wish to swoods exhibits; but meanting, before the arrival of these, it has served as an enormous studio for the creation of gigantic art, which are being led, for the moment, by goldesses. Here again groups. To watch the artists at work here has been ime of the the genius of Mr. French has been goen free remmost diverting of all the preliminary glimpses of the Fair.

The visitor might readily have unagined it to be that magnetstory cavern where all the guants of the fulk-hore of all races and to the prove of gallers and surmounted by "Neptunes," which all times were brought into existence; for most of the statues and add stokingly to the ancient classic semblance of the square, groups made here are eight or ten times life-size.

white aprons, artists and their foveign assistants. running or climbing about the great half thatshed figures, or sitting perched on stagings around them, chiseling and fushinning t'y chipean intrees, chius, hunds or tires.

Out of this curner is big Pharanh in his wurchariot drives his plunging steeds, astride the arched neeks of which sit half a dozen Lilliputian artisans, delineating a mane or excavating an ear. Beyond are Amplutrites and Tritons for the fountains; Thors and Bulders; Greek athletes hurling the discus: Ninhes, Venuses, Jumis and Applles; and not for off a Columbus, frarteen feet tall, holding up the strudard of Spain, with the determined mien of a Hermles.

This shaine of Columbus stands on the plaza in front of the Administration Building, and masdesigned by Miss Mary Lauvrence, a pupil of Augustus St. Gandens.

Some statue, bust or mask of the Discoverer meets the eye, indeed, at almost every tuvu-

Fram another alcuve

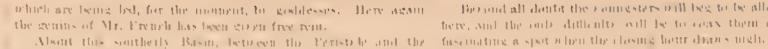
Ciesar, with his Brutus hard by, still lucking legs and arms.

A Sign of the Zodiac

No fixed plan for the construction of these mulitions creations seems to have been followed. In one quarter the figures are first fashioned in sculptor's deep-hyoien play and afterward contail over with fiquid phaster. In noother the hero or the horse is unale up from sections of staff east on whalen molds and skilfully joined together, piece to piece, supported inside by a wonden methods of dressing, feeding, "directing" and amusing very little for heating orems for fricine, or skeleton.

In still other instances the artisans uppear to have set to moth with fibre and phister, and slowly built the figure from its prdestal, outlining and fashinning it as they proceeded upward. Each chief artist has apparently had his own ideas and his own methods of construction

removal of the pointernus groups from the workship to their and of distinct Paragona are to be displayed. appointed places on or about the buildings. Tackles, cranes and ... The French to smalors, innerver, have asked for a room, by observed action; also



Administration Hinlding, shand absent Bustral Pillars, ornamented

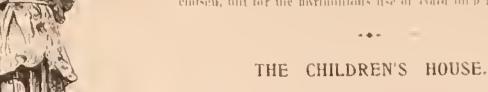
Another artistic creation before schich many prinse and seem Here were by be seen swarms of pigniv-seeming makinen in pleasantly mayed to the group called "The Sleep of the Horcers, at the nest perful of Hortoultural Hall, fronting on the Lazzoon. Especially bold and impressing are a number of the groups near the Golden Door of the Transportation.

Building. But for grace and be into none perhaps excel the pure white Muses and several rather northic conceptions of Mr. Bauer.

The wild annual firms of America, too, have been by edon, as well as anomat art, for descortive representation. Mr. Kenneys has sculptured mountain hous, guzzlies and bisons, all admirably done in staff; and on the Agricultural. Building there is an especially line group of oxen-

Nor have the painters been far behind the scriptors to been searched, seamind and read whesh by the actists for subjects for the external mural paratings, as also to alreerative seems an contribute and cerbings.

Many of these pieres are, in truth, marvellous studies, not chitsen, but for the highmonions use of color on a grand scale



how the make the Patr attractive to every om? murl furnished on purpose for them. It has been built from filend in America, or inholly from gitts of those who have children and desire that directions as to his basis they as bell as the ridder folks many be represented at the mass, which may be for Exposition, and man empty the also that there is one building a maple I to steamer and

all that interests them is a shiftited. It is a beautiful hulbling, containing eight or tru brige, orall-lighted rooms, are salous, decourted delightfully with speakers voice. pictures, panels and friezes, in blue and gold.

In front there is a hundsome formation in murble, underto trins election motors of Landon, under the direction of Miss Frances William and all descriptions and sizes, Miss Gorbbur. The design is that of a little girl holding out a from our of fitteen have ruport enhi parter.

Within the house, first of all, in a phenoant, markery-like signed for a large broomic binks forth the laurel-evoyaed haid and severe features of a great mount, we are albored in visit a creebe, or batty-garden, which tive, down to those small is so fortunate as to be in the personal cure of MIss Martin M. Love, - phoes of anceloration which Buffult, whose mane of itself is a phalge of titness. There are airly the alcutist's drill to be seen all those things which perform to the wants, meressities. In her exercisting a tooth, joys, sorrows and pleasures of the volumest children.

It is a unidel of white noursery should be; and throughout the apparatuse for heating Pair instruction will be given here as to the most approved houses by observicity, also

people. There is also to be no exhibition of the Japonese methods of Trooling chothes continuraying for minute in the Buryeri isles of the hir eastern sens, and annals, without taking the more movel still, the methods of the Pueblo Judhin mothers of Jions to the state, New Mexico.

Incidentally there will be an exhibition of the croilles of carious sallustrate hory electrodyp Not the least difficult feature of these art labors has been the matterns and rices; and the mirrory amusements of Combannillo Ing, electrophoting, model

nr whilely will be shown for Ameronic by elding metals. chlidren will the enrions toys of Frames; and they are indeed somes the the historical group, thing wombs fut in their variety.

model dandergurten; and in still electrical muchines, butteramother is children's faltation, where these hisulators, etc., of it is enough tecrimics into heigh outs, earlier inventors, such as make rakes, to both to take, to Athintle cuble. sweep, dust, unito beds and perform ather household duties.

room there is a Suedish contistop, tonfs.

can, Luglish, French and German, Sing Sing, New York, have never exceeded two thousand vultetogether with a barge number of popular anthors.

feature of all is in the room where, the grounds, lighting up that one building, then onother.

errs, or great trucks. To elevate a group reighing ten tons to its children. This philauthropic embessor is in the charge of Miss foliage of trees or anches the children. This philauthropic embessor is in the charge of Miss foliage of trees or anches the children.

of interesting and instructive subjects, will be given by the obter dating these lights are considered the most marvellans pleass of

and be many owner from "Grimm's Lairy Tabes," directrating the may desize. In the purely originally mover of electricity, the exploits of "Jrck the Count-Killer" and "Lattle Red Rollings to ogreat observe foundains war the central court will be the more

which surmounts the Columbian Arch of the Peristole, where set up around the paraget to guard the volume from will also be equipped with electric medius and storage butterles;

Borond all doubt the connecters will beg to be allowed to come here, and the only difficulty will be to coax them many from so

#### AN ELECTRICAL WONDERLAND.

The Columbian Exposition will be distributished precivitiently from all previous World's Lates to its novel abitmeat exhibits. At no former Paiv exhibit such a display those been presented, for during the last terr (ears) mer, during the last five years at improvilens, progress has been made in the control and application of this subtle form of energy.

For the first time in the history of World's Lights, electricity has been goen with partment o holly to itself. One of the greater furthflings of the Exposition Is devoted exclusively to electrical exhibits, not will this east foulding contain them all, the grand spectacular displies a fill be made out ataloots,

Within the faithding will be mistalled the extensive appointing their efforts. Both mythology and history scent to burn afractions pronuncit companies, both mittorial and toreign; and in this isomertion it into be added that, although couple space has been affected to foreign exhibitors, the Exposition will year markedly demonstrate the presintariase of American electriclaus. The United States, Indeed, may fairly put to thea chains as the only from the aptness with which the subjects have been annihiptace and home of electrical scenars. The exhibits will be divided informmenous groups and sub-groups

One of the most unique of these will confirm Mr. Pdbom's new kinetograph, by means at iclich sights and seems are electriciffe photographed, if such its expression into be used, and normled to the eye of speciators at a distance. In short, the kimito=mph offi thinsuilt in justime of the time of in distant friend, while the Were the children for gotten is ben people norre regisalering a telephone transmits, his months. In this enough all also be adiction graphs of several lands, illustrating has to the use of conted By no means. On the contrary, they have a house toult, entanders a nonematical management give a long description of articles

which is in a popular sense then home, and the place ichare constraint and be exactly repended, even to the tone and inflations at the

Still another group rous died horse power, de

Third by will be located lading, and throns for

Yel modher group will

Of much litterest will a where will be on exhibition. In apather room there will be a mainly primitive bodding



Phinty

right to see little girls not imore than . Franklin, Lamelay, Davy, Marse and other . In this group will six or right years of age bearning the shown ubjects of Interest collected for the late twins W. I lebb, to enak; while others are taught to prementoward relles of the vavages made to him to have the first

During the summer several the clubal compresses will be held at the Legeodtion, when prominent chairlenus of America and For older children, in matter. Europe will meet to allo now toples pertulating to their science,

Profeson Teshi his affered to exhibit some of the recently where whole around is tained, and discovered wonders and paradoxes at electrosts, has, for bors learn to handle carpenters' example, entrents of enormondy high tendon, up to a million solits, may be transmitted. It be understood, but the sumst In the literary, which below charge to unincut electricism, has volunteered personally to illustrate him, of Mrs. Chem. Daty Bates, are to be a moler certain algorithmen, a carried of one handled thousand seen serges of funions picture broker is volta may be sent through the liminar body without injury or life; and also a great army of piventle) an experiment which seems the more wonderful when we recall magnetines and perordicals. America the fact that the currente mole use of for executing maybeness at

But the displays which will prove an apopular will implicable filly books for young people, by the most - be the splendfd and of door effects at night; the bifty-spraying electrical fountains, the themsands of arc lights and the carely But perhaps the most interesting a lights, throwing enormous shafts of trilliant white shosty over

by withorizition of the State of ... There will be not far from eight thousand are-lumps, each of Pennsylvanta, is an illustration of toro themsend could could power, and about a hundred and thirty the method to a high little children. then and incambes at hulbs of sixteen could power. Arcallehte whicasre unfortunately horn deaft, as powerful even as cight thousand conflex cach will be exhibited; jack-screws have been brought into requisition to hoist them upon minutes are successfully taught to speak and converse like other and in contrast to them this meanifescent bulles of nursing the

Grand offects will also be produced by the provenful learnlyelectric mechanism vet produced. By a debate, witch muchbiery Among the decorations on the panels of the different rooms, the operator can throw the light to any attitude, at any angle be

Another feature of the electrical exhibit will be the shedre I urally and repmost, the broad reaf of the house will be fitted. Jamin hes that ply on the bagoous and along the canals. Scores of up as a play-ground, or play-garden, with a strong wire to thing the pleasure boats and vacints in the horbor, near the burg per,



A Group on the Agricultural Building.

place over some lofty portal or parapet lifty, sevente-live or a Mary Corrett of Philadelphia. great care.

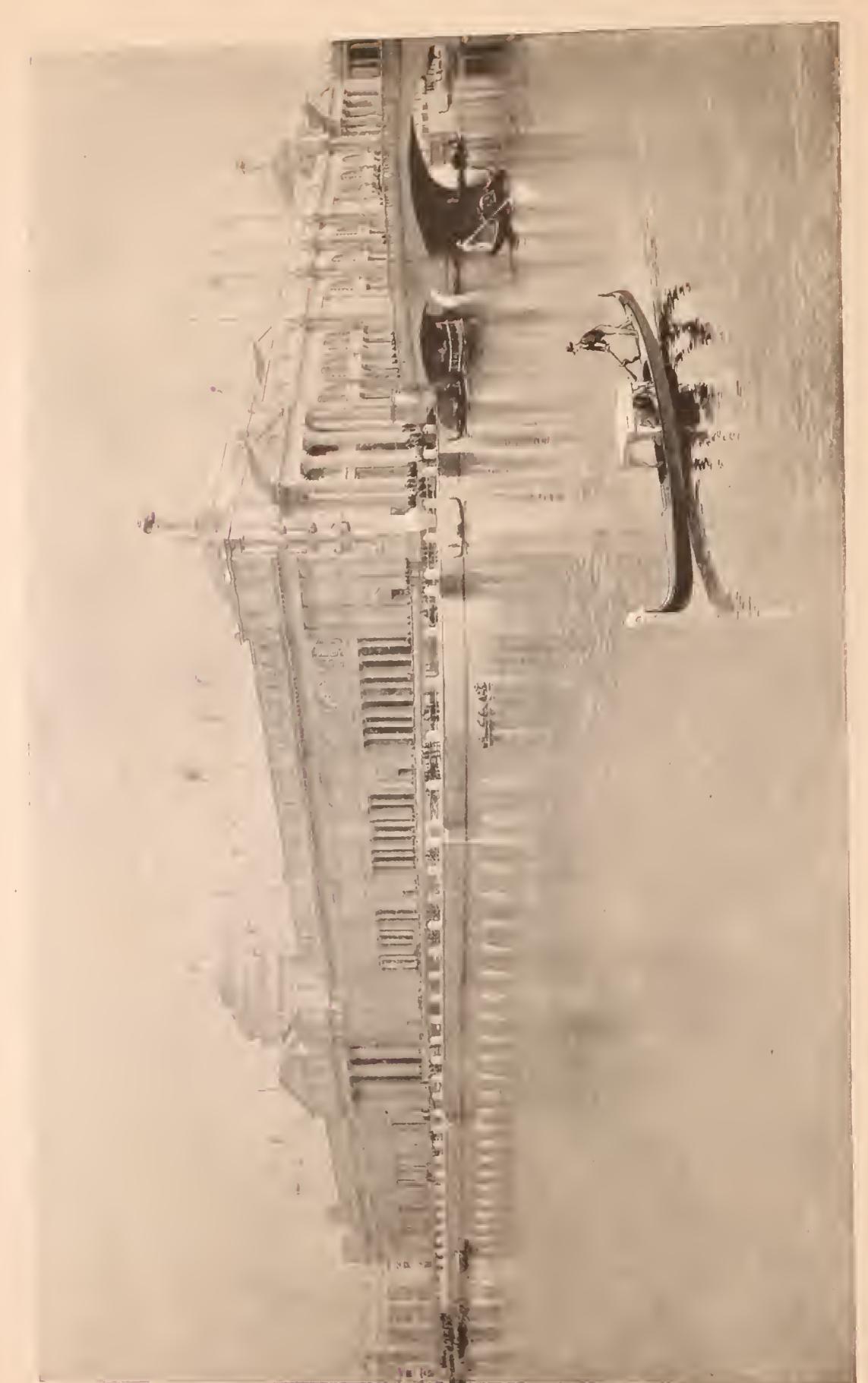
While removing the large female figure, representing "War," to its place on the Administration Building, hold of it our bot, from the parting of a gay, and it came plunging danchoard, breaking its arms and otherwise disfiguring the conception of the artist, besides nearly killing several workmen.

Most colossal of all the statustry is Mr. French's wield "Republic," sixty feet in height, elevated on an impositive pede (a)

the Discoverer is represented we if returning in triumph to accuse the description of the process of the second se America, riding in the car of a compueror, drawn by four horses, said real tords, butterthes and perhaps squirrels,

for, aside from the weight of the mass, it must be handled with storium, with little chairs, cettees and a stage, where stereoptican lights on the highest towers. There will be two of these on the boys, as asted to pirts.

Hood." Across the certain will be artistically depend the Signs gorgeons exhibition of their kind coor attempted. of the Zodiac.



THE AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.



GOVERNMENT BUILDING STATES

THE FISHERIES RUIDING

IHF UNI

was there that the good ablivit,

Pather Marchenn, a man of lib-

eral mind, sheltered and ron-

saled the Discoverer at one of the darkest hours of his troubled

life. It is believed that the en-

couragement and and given by

Pather Marchena had north in-

fluence in sustaining the courage

of the great navigator at a time

inhen, fulling twiscring the assist-

ance which he needed, he was

run the point of almodoning his

Innited at the extreme end of the

promountary on the lake front

int the southerly entrance of the

the south, stands the building in

which the German Krupp Gun

Warles exhibit one of their mon-

ster connour, along with other

ing of the interesting Leather

Industries, and the equally inter-

esting Forestry Building. This

is emistructed of the trunks of

trees in the rough, with burk

attached, and it is devoted ex-

pressly to an exhibit of woods,

limber, burks, boughs, foliage-

in short, of forests and forestry

Forestry Building is the Durry,

a low, hundsome structure in

which, in mullition to un exhibit

infeverything pertaining to dury-

ing, there is to be a "dairy

selminl" for teaching by actual

inperactions with milk and cream,

Imitter and cheese. The use of ice

in "creameries" will be shown,

us well as end storage of milk

with this exhibit the best of milk,

erenni, lintter, enrils, cheese and

cereal famils will be served at

The near presence of the great

jude lidne luke udds a churui

to the Calmulian Fair granuls

which im World's Fair previously

madenite prices.

At the durry café connected

and cream for transportation.

In the renrid and hard by the

Beyond Krupp's are the build-

This memorial ba Ralvida is

Next beyond La Rabida, to

immirtal enterprise.

enginery of war-

in every forms

Lagron.

#### An Ode.

#### THE OPENING OF THE EXPOSITION.

Written for The Penganlon.

By the Right Honorable The Marquis of Lorne,

Greats' Cares.

Queen of the Julium Sens, whose breast Gives by nor stors their northern yest, Proud city, striped with roll and street, Glad ivelenmer of weary feet,

We come by thee To breathe the freedom of thy wondrous plato, Where laberty and lador hold their reign, Our Queru, Rejublicuu!

That power by warriage owned, Success he highlight with, Thee here both growned and through, In builts our stres source knew to be; Now centre of a Confinent, whose sivily And pulse of murdional all own shall obey!

The City Ansieers.

Culifornia mila Mivine, Greetings mov, and oft ugain! With thrones more flerey throcayestern som-Through your idd 1 straye and wan! My hulls now tremb My guests, the Shites of our great Printing wealth ! Ye rider Nutlans, Welcome, Peace and Health! In our deur meient speech 4 greet their peoples off, "Twill my land I much. And each his Bridber call. In Pener may forward all! Ahead The lights of Progress herkon, as we speed, Nor cult we find white pine the poor in need.

Pareo of State of Illinois.

Lane Pristle Finiw (air jergdies hane, The murning of Newfoundhund's form First trought the Narsonnen's short to von, Rre yet the south the Spinifierd knew, Our full new Laml ! The mother of our nelltimes, freedom taxin, Still yields the world the plenty of thy horn! Thy mines, thy vallor gridit, Transmeraldo herds, Therene, the play, the wring The forest's whispared words, And Schoter with her migle wand, Thun givest these, lad beller for thy errorn, The heart's own welcoms, which is Lave a Required!

#### Chance of Prayers

bord, Whicto gross and host hist made Tellings Thy gold, Thy light, The shade, Through whom outly Norther's jarring whool Shill some wireld-harmony reveal, Brovillens here! Miche Thou grim Industry's vust storm to rise Provering to blook our marks and argustes. Day greatness mamor from Thee, Who led can show of yoru, And called us wer the serv To hist Columbia's shorts Our Light, Thre mit the wit feit. New let the Nutlous' rivilry' proclaim They ash Thine abl, as follows in Thy anine?

#### NOVEL AND ATTRACTIVE FEATURES.

The most moved of the Slote Buildings on the Exposition grounds is that of blorida. At first view, see a representation of alon the next page, one can sentially behave that it is designed for n house. It is no exceet representation of Old Part Muchon at St. Augustine, Inill by the Spunish. The fort itself curened on aren of four arres, and required a garrison of a thousand mon. I must, and carathraction of many many for the beautification of which scores of the neighboring country

The representation here is a lumberst and lifty-live feed square, representing a four-hustiqued fortress. The walls ship ulate imisoary, lougdaded for musicetry and provided with gate and meat-

But we the inside this apparent forteess is a house, vanholding receptionmoins, parlors and exhibitsmons, turished in the native woods of Florida and opening upon na interior court planted with feathery braiding and oncoge-froms. with parteries of flowers. Visitors agree in jaminimeting it the oildest house ever Junili.

Next after Planda, the house of California—if house it may be called is: perhaps the most remarkable extennully. The idea, primarily, appears to have been to convey the impression that "there is nothing simil or conventional about California,"

Accordingly we find nurselyes contetypiating a structure nearly lour hunstred and fifty feet in longth los well nigh a hundred and lifty in calth, lafty, of almost grossly massive aspect.

The incliniveture is that of the old Spanish mission churches of early California, into which there are thrown a avaidler of plassic features. The main tower is a reproduction of that of the add church at Sau Diego. The walls are artificially sermed and durkened. to resemble old masoury. It has a vast, strangely flattened flome, and the roof is in red California tiles. Within, on the ground theer, was several forestants about which are grouped the and has attending launches and cutters, in all respects like an stude exhibit of wines, frints, rereals and ores. On the open actual war-ship. It will be manned by a trained crew under roof is a typical Californium garden, which is reached by chevators, mansof-war discipline; and exhibitions of naval drill will be given. Exterimity, and can a similar scale, the Smie Building of ... Much interest appears to attach to the novel reproduction of Kansas suggests that of California. It will prove very attractive, the Convent of La Rubida-literally the Mud Lady-In Spain,

paymentarly to young people, by renounced its reunirhidale exhibit of the wild animals of North America, naide by the Russas

University. The wild white Ricky Minns tain goats and wild "highern" sheeps re expectally well monuted. and lifeblie; source the faxes, the wolves, the anonse, elk, hismiand deer. The five manufaction lion muthers with their groups of kittens are very attractively.

Another mivelty mining the State Buildings to the structure erreted by the new State of Windrington. This is, indeed, suggestive of the Purtle const and the languagement forests of Priget Staint.

The structure is almul two hundred feet long by one limb dred and twinty while; and the howin story is constructed of two hers of slded bigs, those of the haver tier being each a hundred and Iwenty feet long by four feat in thickness! This story ermidlining in upquitable slide thinker exhibit in Itself.

The Internal is limshed in reducing fir; and in front there is an enorman's thigsniff consisting of a single tree live or six feet in illimeter and all produgiims allitudes. Considered as the Studier of Winshington's first effort, The exhibit is truly immense

Mixing others of the State Unildings are almost equally movel. Of these may be runnthough that of Illhoris, the largest and must expensive of all; that ar Tuxnes; this of Virginia, which is fulfil to reproduce the home of Washington of Mount Verticot; that of Massachusetts, modelled after the manaton of the Hancack family; and those of Jown, New York, Pennsylvinni, Missinni and Cidarada, which my nativenthy hundsome structures.

The State Bulldings and the Foreign Buildings, several of which are experially fine, constiinto a very attractive soluble at thic morth and of the grounds.

The hulldling erorted by Great Britain stands on the water front, has passessed. From almost every point of view some glimpse mean the made, where the Luited States anyal exhibit is made in a 1 is gained of this wide, restful expanse of the "ansalted sea." full-size model of the buttle-slife Illiams, on illustration of which begiven on page 11. It is well to bear in much that it is merely a model of a war-ship, built up from the bottom of the lake, idsemus must share the inistidar of an English visitor. He was much disgusted when he learned that it was a columnary stap," and Junve Pa

Whithever of truth these may be in this contemptations remark, vet if is probable that our examins will presontly have a may of implied of our of our furnity is most ups that many think it is real. summent wars. The altimensions are three boundered and forty-eight feet in length by sixty-imm in width.

The exhibit on bound of it will register of from thereensuch. threeh-honding gons; oight eight-inch and four six-meh rifled gans; and Iwenty smaller, regulative gans, besides Gathings, turpedic tubes, nets and bornes. It is provided with a inflatory



Statue of the Republic.

At no other great city of the country could this pleasing feature have been abhumed; not even if the benutiful Central Park of New York City had been surrendered for an Exposition site. The landscape artists, Messes, Olinsted and Cadamar, which hid

out the grounds, were not show to appreciate the effects that might exchanged, a flint is about all the land of ware ship these Americans. The produced for making use of the lake, and by a frue strike of gentus added greatly to thenchy the skillful nitroduction of water throughout the site itself.

What was formerly a marsh, surrounded by samly dames, has which we need not be aslamical. Meantum, this is so good a been dredged out, exercited, banked and walled around by name musiancy, to form an extensive and pleasing system of lagrants, tursus and runals more than a male or length, connecting with the linke high of the morth aunt south ends. Thus in place of a muformly level park we have all of the effects of water and water rraft, with green borders of sedges, iris, joind lify, hellelmre, swert thig, bulrush, and frequent graneful thinkets of willows.

In that the grounds may be said to invlide points and streams,

Imoults and little lakes were despoiled of their inturnl growths, which were ruthlessly grubbed up for transplantatum here.

In the large central largoni lies Wooded Ishawl, called adso Rose Ishaul, connected with the broad, serpentine willes on either side by four or more of the lumbsome, are had Runtts bridges. On so grand a scale is everything here that one ran senreely believe that this islet contains naturing of nearly sixtern. acres. It has been the design to convert if into a garden of flowers and thoy ering shrules,

Toward the southerly end on the east side is limited the rose garden, where will bloom during the early symmer not less than frienty thinisand resislaislies of every known variety.

On a small outlying islet at the extreme south end is liverted a model. "Hunter's Camp," a feliture which the boys will scarcely forget to viot.

It seems probable univeil that Wooded Island will be one of the favorite resorts of visitors, either crossing to it by the bridges, or lambing from the scores of monumbus boat-," "calc boxts," launches, grandolas and other rmft that will ply constantly on the largoson. Here, a little apart from the excivils and refreshed by the perfinne of flowers, one may give the weary feet a respite, yet sit to rest at so central a point that all the grander features.



The Hunter's Camp

of the Fair will be in plain view. In addition to the floral attractivities of the respective states a place where they can congregate religious temples of Japan. Here and at some of the other con- opportunity to escape from it all, and give rest to his brain, then figures structures will be located a considerable portion of the bewildered with the multitude of exhibits. exhibits of Japan. It is in graceful recognition of the Japanese familiess for flowers that their Hooden has been assigned a site will become that of a Bureau of Information. The manager who on Rose Island.

been more sailly emphasized than in the recent death of the his task, to reply to the myraal questions he will be expected to young landscape artist, whose genins plumed in large part these, answer offhand, flower-girt bigoons and picturesque islets for the eyes of visiting millions.

suthusivent of an artist prompts men to, Henry Sargent Codinan arouse in the state an interest in the enterprise, such want of died suddenly in January, 1893, after a brief illness, aged twenty- effort on their part will be likely to show in the quality and theirstnine years. To those who know the circumstances of his death quantity of their state exhibit. this grand plaza-park is his monument.

#### STATE BUILDINGS AND STATE MANAGERS.

#### By the Executive Commissioner for Massachusetts.

celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the Declaration entall slyupless nights and auxhors thought, he has vertainly not of Imbehendence, not a few States of the Union erected buildings vousidered the matter carefully. For the most part, state repre-

for the use of their citizens. But the ideawas a new one, and the buildings were not collected in one place but were scattered ulmost at random.

A greater number of states than back part directly in the Philadelphia Fair will be represented by buildings in Chivago during the present summer, and the buildings, as may be seen by umps of the two International Expositions, will be more satisfactorily placed and grouped than was the ease at Philadelphia.

All the buildings of the Exposition are situated within Jackson Park. The State Buildings weenpy its extreme northern sertion, and are picturesquely distributed about the Fine Arts Building.

In most cases, the cost of State Buildings has been met from moneys set ivside by the respective legislatures. But in some few instances the money has been subsyribed by public-spirited citizens, who were not willing that their states should be unrepresented because their legislatures had failed, for constitutional or other reasons, to make provision for erecting such structures at Chiengo.

These buildings are in charge of a Board wf State Managers, appointed by the gov-

ernors of the several states. To care for their state's good mane | sontatives have displayed praiseworthy energy, and there is every in the Exposition; to stimulate friendly rividry animiz those reason to think that visitors will be satisfied with the results of industries showing the progress of the Arts and Sciences within | their hard work. the state; and to suggest, prepare and care for state exhibitsso called because the expenses in exhibiting them are generally paid by the state-are all included among the many duties of State Mauagers.

They form, as it were, a channel of communication between the individual of the state and the Exposition authorities. Their vlients are the people of the stole, to whose reasonable appeads for the city and the Fair granuols will be the most comfortable mode help and advice they are in duty bound to listen and as far as of conveyance. They will fand passengers at the long plot new possible conform. The services of the State Managers may be the Peristyle. Lang? It is the hargest pier in the would, 1) as valuable to the general Exposition authorities as they are a projects into the lake fully half a table, and is two hundred and indispensable to the home exhibitors.

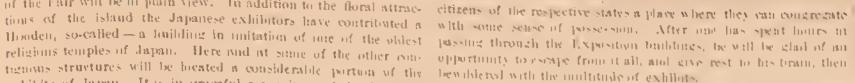
They know the needs of their respective states, and the wishes of their governments and citizens, far better than these can possibly be known to outsiders. Therefore, their advice should be constantly sought, in order to secure an exhibit from each staty Intervention of the Multiple Speed Sidewalk, called also the which shall best show its resources, and add to the value of the Travelling Sidewalk, or the Lacomortive Sidewalk. Exposition.

wifees of a Board of State Managers arise mostly from their refreshed by the lake breeze. Here the sidewisk does the travelling cooperation with the exhibitor on the one hand and the Exposition officials on the other-a enoperation which to be truly effective must be not only hearty but enthusustic.

work for Boards of State Managers will change from their our playforms, one moving at a rate of three rolles per hour, or at respective state capitals to Chicago, where at least one member about ordinary walking speed, and the other, which be provided should be constantly at hand to assist the people of his state, as well as to assume wharge of the State Building.

The uses of this building will vary uniterially with the several states. In some will be found a few exhibits designed to illustrate the untural resurrees of the state. To these will be added, in wher state buildings, exhibits of women's work.

In others are unmodations will be given to the many assiwiations which may be prevented by the vlassification of the Exposition from entering any wf the horge buildings.



The duty of the state representative in Chicago after May first. has reichzed this and has taken up his quarters in that city a month "The corkman dies, but the work goes ou." Never has this por two earlier will be the better able, if he has applied himself to

Emough, perhaps, has been written to indicate that the success. of a state's exhibit will depend largely upon the State Managers. After nearly three years of ardnons emlenyer, such as only the H by mayton or lack of energy in their work, they have failed to

> If they have forled to recognize that they are but the servants of the people or if they have withheld hearty cooperation, they will intre fulled to produce the best results,

The responsibilities put upon them are large. Added to the took of discriminating between desirable and undesirable exhibits. the expenditure of the state appropriation is largely in their hands. If one has an blea that the spending of from tifty thousand dollars to eight humbred thousand dothers of the public moneys, At the Centennial Exhibition, held at Philadelphia in 1876, in him a cay most creditable and beneficial to the state, also not



The Colorado Building.

R. Chantagen Hoveys

#### THE MULTIPLE SPEED SIDEWALK.

During the heat of summer the stematorats that will ply between lifte feet in width. It possesses the dimensions of it park and the greatest abjection by it, from a weary visited's point of view, ist least, is its great length.

This oxligation, however, is largedly obsposed of by the

This is is investment obvice for facilitating travel on the pier The thousand and one details of lursiness transacted in the and enabling the tourist to make the top in ease and comfort, instead of the human wayfarer.

The vontrivince vonsists of w sidewatk on low wheels, which traverses the entire length of the pler on wee side and returns on So soon as the Exposition shall have been opened, the scene of the other, unaking a loop at own end. It has two parallel sections with setters, at six ralles, or easy driving rate. It makes no stops but is constitutly maying on. One may ride on either section.

#### YOUR TICKETS, PLEASE.

Admission tickets by the World's Fivir will be ofty cents cach, and no reduction on special days is contemplated.

The tockets theroselves will be hardsomely printed varils from engraved plates, four and a balf hadres long by two and a half wale; such, at least, le

the size of the first issue. The first issue consists of live million nekests, and the contract is said to be for thirty millions. It is believed that large numbers of the tolk to will be purchased as squirentry. It is partly to enough a this famey, parily to make vonuterfeiting shill nit, that the to kets have been made so elaborate,

To increase the difficulties of counterfy tere, timy planebets of these paper are lutroduced to twom the muor none about of paper of which the cardboard is composed. These planchet doks are of different sizes, the largest being about two millement is in diameter; or as large as the local of a plu. They are in three

#### IMPORTANT DATES AND FIGURES.

Chlengo sylveted as the sur of the Pair to vote of the National Tionse of Representatives. Erbinary 24, 4890. The first and hist votes on the above of a city stood as follows,

|             |     |   |   |   | Utilst | 3 light b. |  |
|-------------|-----|---|---|---|--------|------------|--|
| Chivogo,    |     |   |   |   | 115    | 157        |  |
| Sen York, . | 1   |   |   |   | * (1   | 10,*       |  |
| St. Louis,  | h h |   |   |   | 61     | 205        |  |
| Washington, | 1   | 1 | 1 | 1 | , o i  | 18         |  |

Act of Congress authorizing the Pate.

Approved April 25, 4890.

Preshlent's Proglamation leviting all nations to pur-Israel December 24, 1800.

Wartd's Fade Genum's dedicated October 21, 1892. Naval Review, New York Hurbor, April 26, 27, 28, 1893. Pinte export. May 1 to October 3tt, 1893.

| Approprinthons by States and Parabornes, nearly      | 85,000,000                           |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Appropriations by Powign Countries, hearle .         | 6,3030,000                           |
| "Tridal Value of exhibits, estimated, and a second   | $-c(\sigma_1\phi)\sigma_2(\sigma_3)$ |
| Girly Recolpts from 20,000,000 Visitors expected,    | [11,100,144]                         |
| Tidal Estimated Expenses, The Control of the Control | 21/2507000                           |

#### Where the Money Comes From.

|                            |                  | _        |     |         |      |                      |          |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------|-----|---------|------|----------------------|----------|
| Papitol Stock,             |                  |          |     |         | , ,  | - ga(m)              | (ii)(ii) |
| City of Chimigo Hombs      | 1                | h        |     |         |      |                      | *        |
| Souvenir Hislf-Dollars (A) |                  |          |     |         |      |                      |          |
| Debenture Rombs,           | 1 1              |          | 1   |         |      | 1,1000               | ,19136   |
|                            |                  |          |     |         |      | \$16,600             | (0.00)   |
|                            |                  |          |     |         |      | de tentino           |          |
|                            | Arc              | ars.     |     |         |      |                      |          |
| Exposition Grounds, total  | in nen           | 181      |     |         | h    | )                    | 317      |
| Joekson Park,              | 1                |          | 1   |         | 1    | , Dod                |          |
| Michael Chabinice,         |                  | )        | h.  | -       |      | 5.0                  |          |
| Availutsle for Bulbli      | uga <sub>i</sub> | 1        |     |         | h    | , 5 of               |          |
| Interior Waterways         | (61 iver         | es) 1313 | aVV | pp [13] | Tabu | $\mathrm{nl}_{i}$ 75 |          |
|                            |                  |          |     |         |      |                      |          |

#### Bulldings.

| Italishigs.                              | Lengthe -<br>In 1995 | Bremith<br>in Free. | Area<br>In Arress | Approx.        |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
|  |                      |                     |                   |                |
| Administration                           | 202                  | 13457               | i Lo              | \$136,300      |
| Agramhture                               | 800                  | p) 11 1             | to to             | 1891 (2010     |
| 20 Annex 5                               | កំតា។ ភ្នំ           | 312                 | l 1               | 11151 111616   |
| Art Unlberles (1997)                     | 500                  | 420                 | 1.0 p             | 6711,500       |
| 9 Annexes a second                       | 2211                 | 130                 | 1.1 (             |                |
| liban y                                  | 15m, H               | 341,1               | , N               | 40,000         |
| Ideetrienty and a                        | 1111                 | 3116                | h,it              | 313,500        |
| Blahenaea .                              | :031,1               | 162.1               | 1,14              | 2.1,750        |
| O Anng New Co.                           | l.lartboo            |                     | S 31,             |                |
| Popertry                                 | 624                  | 2018                | 2.0               | 101,254        |
| Hertenline .                             | 997.8                | 2.41,8              | ä                 | 287,000        |
| Illhois Stub                             | Latt                 | h30                 | 11,12             | 2.50,100       |
| Battle-ship Rhoms                        | 348                  | 399,055             | ,11               | 100,000        |
| Lisither                                 | 1000                 | 150                 | 1.31              | 1491,000       |
| Morhanery - 1                            | 4. 611               | 19.1                | 17 +              |                |
| O Amora                                  | 1                    | (ht)                | 16.22             | 1,1111,750     |
| Machine Shop and 1                       |                      |                     |                   | 44             |
| · ·                                      | 1,103.0              | 303                 | 7.2               | 75,00          |
| Bolles House   C<br>Manufactures   1   1 | 1,687                | 787                 | 11                | 1,600,75       |
| Mhlway Phylonice 1                       | ,,,                  |                     |                   |                |
| hibbboxy +                               |                      |                     | 11                | 1,500,00       |
|  | 700                  | 31.03               | Boot              | 2400,50        |
| Minus                                    | 100                  | 1,4                 | ,1)               | 35,00          |
| Suwmill                                  | 1 4742               | 1 1-4               | 12                | 2,001,00       |
| Sto to & Prox' marppio Note.             | (m <sub>i</sub> t)   | 266                 | 5,8               | 120,000        |
| Smele Povillon 18 18 18                  | 23/163               | 2,111               | 20                | 2 2 2 1 7 10 1 |
| O Shobe a s                              | 451814               | 11. 4.              |                   |                |
| Transportation                           | 960                  | 250                 |                   | (3549,00)      |
| 2 Annex                                  | 5,70                 | ' Kla               | 8.5 (             | \$1363,036     |
| C. S. Gyvernment                         | 121                  | 351                 | 6,9               |                |
| Women's property of                      | 308                  | 198,8               | 3.3               | 1394,000       |
| Other Buildings                          |                      |                     | 29,3              | 1,203,00       |
|  |                      |                     | 9 [n              | e12,952,00     |

#### World's Ealr Auxiliary. Dates of Special Congresses; Lasting usually One Week.

| 1 tep ii tine  | mt.              | Begins.   | Department   | Beating,  |
|--|------------------|---|--|---|
| Woman's Properties Medicine Compension More More More More More More More More | teforn<br>innive | Miny 22<br>Miny 29<br>June 28<br>June 19<br>July 3<br>July 40<br>July 47<br>July 47<br>July 31<br>July 31 | General Constraints Selemen & Philosophy Lation Congress Conthells Congress Constraints Westle's Position't Congress Constraints Of Religions Congresses Missions Vongresses Missions Vongresses Missions Vongresses Simply Rest Conthell Conthell Conthell Conthell Conthell Conthell Control | Ang. 21<br>Ang. 28<br>Sept. 3<br>Sept. 11<br>Sept. 20<br>Oct.<br>Oct. |

#### Previous World's Fairs.

| Jvates (22a) 3. |                       | Lyhthitoise      | Vinitism.                | Area hy<br>Areas, |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1851            | 12milon               | 17,000           | 6,039,136                | 21                |  |
| 1955  <br>1953  | Paris<br>Izmelon      | 21,779<br>28,853 | 5,162,339<br>6,211,103   | 211/4             |  |
| 1567            | Paris                 | 50,226<br>12,581 | 10,290,000<br>7,254,687  | 37<br>(1)         |  |
| 1876<br>1876    | Vymna<br>Phthadelphla | 66,000           | 9/100/366                | (20<br>(30)       |  |
| 1575<br>1959    | Paris<br>Purts        | 10,996<br>55,000 | 16,032,725<br>26,143,953 | 200               |  |



The Florida Building

They will be given an apportunity, within their own State volors, line, park and stimon; and the tests are planty discernable Buildings, of calling attention to their varied work. In some State through the paper on each side of the ticket. The earl is adorned Buildings no exhibits will be found. Indeed, the primary purpose with vignetter and altogether will form a handsome Lomp ake and of these buildings is not to contain exhibits, but to furnish to the memento of the Colombian Americasary for after years.

### THE YOUTH'S COMPANION WORLD'S FAIR NUMBER.



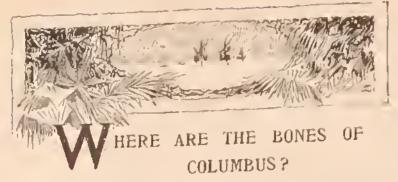
THE HORTICULTURAL BUILDING.



ENTRANCE TO THE HORTICULTURAL BUILDING.



THE FINE ARTS BUILDING



In the centre of the plaza of Santic Domanga City, apposite the great door of the eathedroic stiends an herode lights be broade of Christopher Calmabus. At points with ano extended hand toward the west, as though indicating to Europe the region of his

On the base is American, a taked Indhor, on aborighmid in the will of the presbytery, disensyries. Columbus, and who was burned at the stake by one of his Spanish of Spane, which exhaustively investigated the subject in 1879. The of stone and brack, very dry, and without wood or any other successions. Yet the artist has requiremented this

unfortunite jadicess its tracing an inscription in praise of one who, more than all others, brought

death and extinction to her mer-

This work of art may be thought of as typifying the duality of Calumbia, whose exulted sentiments were much at variance with many of his deeds. A dual nature was like in life, a duality has grawn out of it. Two towns chilm the honor of his hirthphree, two nations givere his deeds, two continents had his groutness; after his douth two convents in Spaint held his remains in eburge, and now two islamls chim to possess his ashes.

Part at my mission to the West Indies, as Commissioner of the Culumbian Exposition, was to resulve this Garlit concerning the present hurbitpaner of Columbus, and for the first time I may publish the result of my investigations.

Columbus died in the twentleth of Mary, 1500, in the city of Valladalid, in Spalin, and his bady was deposited in the convent-church of the Proorbenus. The last class were edulanted with great ponquin the church of Santa Maria he Antigum; but a few veins litter the encise was given sepulture in the Cartaja of Saulic Maria do las Cuevas, in the city of Sevillia

If would seem that the transcency larged at Vullndalfil was vierely an act of plety, but that he Las Cueras was in accordance with the expressed wish of the minimiser his relatives. In the same convent, some years later, even deposited the roundns of Diego, like son.

The second removal of the leady of Pidambus ions for the jorgosa of farrying it perjetually in the city of Santa Dondingo. It was made on the petition of Dinn Marin do Tideilo, willow of Digi

to be buried there. In consequence the Emperor Plucter V. gave the requisite authority to the grainson of Columbus, Don-

Permission was given to the family of Cohor to accupy forever The great chapet of the enthedral of Santo Dondingo. This donellore by Charles V. concerted that part of the proofly tary tata privide property, and no one unwithorized by the house of the Colons and my right to remove or effice even an Inscription.

There is no record of the translation of the remains from presumably of tamatic Seville to Santo Domingo, but the probable date was about 1530, | It was not known that the grandson of Columbus and been of Columbus; in fact, it is all of a negative character. us the first centular giving the use of two chapol was issued in barried here, but this was proof, and it revived the tradition that

1737. It is Hought that thevowies some delay la granting sepulture in the cuthedrakinfler the mirror of the remains; And enneutrent evidence province thid they were deposited there fimilly.

In Tally, for instance, the thist icrelitiishiip of Thirt illicesv writes; "The tombe of Don Cristolial Culon, where are his tomos, is much venerated in this enthydraid". But no revord of the Invint appears to Inviyet been found in the weblives. of the infliedment itself. The tack of early manuscripts is inttributed to the manges of the pinde Dycke, who was such a

terror to the Spanish West Indies, and who sieked Santo Domingo. Viult contoning an object like a square took, It enumer be shown either that there was ever a stone, taldet or . Instinitly the chief vestry man, bastened to inform monument to mark the place of interment. This seems the more the archidship of what had occurred. The foreign strange as there are magnificent memorials at the early archiveness, were notified, and come to the cathedral, hishings, of the militury governor, Rodrigo de Biestides, who dled - where the caucin was awaiting them. in 1527, of his wife, who died in 1552, and of some other contempozeries at Painmfuls.

Discovered in 1877.

But that Columbus was interred in the great chapel of the add important works in the island, and with whom enthedral there is no norm for doubt. Aside from the testimony - I have frequently conversed. Schor Castillo died in ulready cited, and more that contirms it, we have the record of [1892] his lass is severely felt in Sinto Domingo, over a hundred years litter which shows that when the English where his distinguished talents as an engineer and invided the isbord the archbishae ordered the tambs to be covered. his grain presence were highly esteemed, with earth, by prevent their desecration; "Rspecially that of the old admiral, which is in the eviagebox of my holy church and mult the arrived of the civic and exclesiostical disrhajeki

When the church was nearly runted by an earthquake, the archlishag mentioned among other reasons for restoring the temple, That aim the expilla amount great chapel is interred the illustrious, dust and small pieces of stone, but it was apparent Dim Cristianal Coloni," Again, in 4683, the diocesus synod of that there was an inscription on it. Santo Domingo states; "The lones of C. Colon are there in a feaden cross, in the prestotery . . . according to the tradition of adocrs were locked and a graved phocal around them, the old inhalitions of the island."

Just a limitdred years later the Instormi, Moreion de St. Méry, states that the dean of the cathedrid affirmed that there was a box cont in the presence of the civil, ecclesivstical and innvarying printed treas continuing the hours of Columbias. Thus of metives and foreigners. Only a superfiend exanduation of the they thought they had found what they wanted, we have through two hundred years cumulative evalence that the bones exold be numbered that tone, but it seemed plain to all holy of the great admiral rested in the cathedrid.

In 1795, In the Treaty of Biosle, Spain ceded Sunto Domingic there relies to pass under another thig.

The delivery of the redaily into French processing was not meronglished until 1891, but the project of transferring the asheof Culuminus was andertoken in 1795. The Spaniards, in seeking what did these tell them i. Simply that the relies of Columbus had rapidly decomposed at an examination some six months later. been disposited in the nathedraic on the guspel side of the alter, at the place where the campy of the architeshop used to stand.

On December 20, 17%, a group of distinguished Spanlards game plates of lead about a foot long, hearing evidence of having happing edge in front and on the sides, and the the lock is unde of been part of a haden low or cooket, some fragments of homes and a single sheet of lead.



the Cathedral at Santo Domlago.

Diegn, who stated that Columbus himself had expressed a wish | neadomichine were of the option that the remains of five menders | to the observer-case, bones, and inscriptions. nt hast of the Calumbas family were interred in the presin terp of . libe brother; Jank and Cristedod, grandsons.

In 1877 repulse were undertaken in the chancel of the cathedrid left side, forling the mive, contoning a small hax of heat. This with evident heat and some prejudice. fell to plears on romovid. It had an inscription that read;

his grandfuther was buried on the opposite shie. Sixthe hishigoderided to searth the alleged restingplace of the homes of the admind while the repairs were progressing.

After some exervation the investigators equired the spot indicated by tradition as that whence had come the remains transported to of the investigation, believed that this would only total to prive the truth of the Spanish accumit.

were disrayered. A piece of relarge stone ship, is neurer-class by the wall, that had been partly revealed, was londen off

The men were working umber direction of Schor J. M. Custilla, a civil engineer, who had charge of

The earon and the engineer gaineded the vanit nituries. In their presence the opening was enlarged and the affect inside received to be a box of lead, resting upon two bricks. The top was covered with

Everething was then left as found. The cathedral the key's heing left in the possession of Canion Bellini.

On the lenth of September the lax was taken

present that the vecitable remains of Columbus had been found,

and felt that it would be unworthy the greatness of Spain to ullow admired never received a more disinterested ovation than this success, who was interred in the chancel of the cathedral. homoge tendered his memore by the people of Smito Domingo,

An examination of the contents of the lead case recealed human bones, crumbing and fragmentary. Unly a few parts of the skeleton were complete-the skull was reduced to dust. Even three bones appearing entire at the discovery were found to have

Besides the bones and dust, a bullet was found in the case and a silver plate. The box in which the remains were found is entirely of lead, and when wholed is about time inches high, over seventeen inches long and over eight inches wale. The lid is which was a gard in deadh and breadth. They found in the want - seventeen inches bong and over eight mehes code, with an over-

The box is no a good state of preservation, and it is impossible These were placed in a haden how, gibbed, taken with great to state whether it had been buried one, two or three hundred solemntly on board the manodswar San Larensa, and transported years, as it is well known that lead after long exposure becomes to Cuba. Arrived at Huvanu, the recered relies were Jorne in covered with a thin coating of protoxole, which preserves it for procession to the entiredral and there deposited in a niche opened peenturies without other alternation. The value is dark gray, ar of Thus for f have followed the "Informe" of the Royal Academy | As ticits preservation, the rival in which it was found as entirely

"D, de la A. Pec Me," which was interpreted to mean, "Theoverer of America, First Admiral." It has been infranced as an argument against the authenticity of these remnins, that the term "America" was not in use at the time the ashes of Columbits were brought to Smito Domingo, and hence that the inscription must be spurious. But it has been satisfactority shown that the term America was in use us early us 1520, or sixteen years ut least before the translatum of the remains.

On the inside of the lot are the words; "Hitre y Eda Vacaa, Dr. Costacal Culon," On the right end of the ease of the letter "A (" on the left end and on the front, OC.". The silver plate found in the case also had inscribed on it the name and titles of Columbus, and it was hold by the Dominicans that the proof of genuineness was averwhelming, in the inscriptions and in the focality in which the case was formul,

Regarding the writing on the silver plate, un objection has been mised that the "s" in the spelling of Cristoral was not of the kind in vogue in the sixteenth century, and could not be genuine, but this I myself proved to be an error, for in the oldest records of the cuthedrid, the Book of Bujdisms, henring date 1301, this same form of "s" is used.

I coused to be made a facsimile of the casket in which the remains were found in 1877, and this was sont to Chicago for exhibition with other relies of Columbus. After the identification of the lames, they were deposited in a cell behind one of the elapels in the enthedral.

Eventually the leaden case was enclosed in one of sutin-wood and glass, so that everything is visible

The discovery of these remains soon attracted the attention of the enthedrei, anandy; Christophor; Diega, his sun; Burtholomow, Spain, for her chain to the type relies was in danger of being invalidated. The Royal Academy at Madrid discussed the question of great length, and finally published a back containing the results of Sinto Domango, during which a violit was discovered on the of their investigations. The subject was treated exhaustively, but

While the book sums up the evulence agionst the validity of "El Université, D. Lucs Culing Duque de Cocaguic, Macques de -- " | the Dominga bones, yet it affers nothing to prove that the boredic ar vivil $\mathbf{t}_i$  opened by the Spaniards in 1795 contained the true relies

But the conclusion reached by the Academy is that "The remains of Cristoval Colon are in the cathedral of Hobana, in the shadow of the glorious launer of Custile, . . . It is most fit that over his separcher waves the same that that sailed with him from Pulns in the Storta Micros."

But I think that the Dominions have a stronger case than the Hieraneso.

The Spaniards found absolutely nathing to prace that the Through. Here's small, empty wealt was brought askes they removed in 17% were those of the admiral, and no to light. This, without divald, was the vault whim is advanced that they did. The only tradition they had to from which the ashes taken away in 1705 had, guide them was that the remions were on the gaspot side of the been removed, and the Canon Bellmi, in charge adder and this is equally applicable to the vault opened in 1877.

The error of the Spiniserds ho, in their ignorance that there were two vnults, closely contiguous that only w few inches But the next dig the space between the distant from the one they appeted, was number? Buth would are empty want and the wall of the cathedral was under the chancel, both on the gospel side, but the one containing sounded, and some indications of acordher fourby the remains adleged by the Dominicions to be those of Columbus

The Spaniards by chance opened a vioilt wherein were the and through the opening thus made was seen at fingments of a leaden case and vestiges of human remains. As



The Tomb of Columbus at Santo Domingo.

of lead enclosed in one of stone, which tradition constant and milltony authorities, of the consultar corps and of a great intuition of their constant and milltony authorities, of the consultar corps and of a great intuition constant that close at hand there was another visit.

Whose, then, were the remains carried to Havana in 1795? It was at first thought that they deep those of Don Harthalomew. tions awake the distant echoes and tells rang payonsh their. Christopher's leather, who died at Sauto Dimingo in 1514, but it to France, but some Spinnierds remembered theiches of Columbus, hand weelnin, inchonor of Columbus. It is coctain that the great was concluded that they pertained to Dore Diego, the son and

It must, then, says the chromolor I have been following, be

acknowledged that, while there is no evidence to the contrary, the habitations, surrounded by their ordinary intensils, imprements relics taken to Havana with so much pomp must have been those and wrapon, and will be energial in the resistances occupations of Diego Cultimaturs, son of the great discoverer, and who, during -weaving, making pottery, chipping if it, building cames, etc. his first term as Gavernor of Hispaniola, greatly promoted the colmization of Cuba. F. A. OHER.

#### MAN AND HIS WORKS.

By an Assistant in the Department of Ethnology.

World's Fair for the illustratum of man and his morks. It is their various veremonles. There also will be various ranges, such called the Anthropological Building. It is divided into three as were used informer times by this powerful people. sections, may of which is the section of Authropology. In various A group of Indians illustrating two are more tribes is coming



The Swedish Building.

peoples of America. From the combined results of the observa- of architecture and scalpture found in Central America. tions upon the bring and the dead, light will be thrown on the questions of the rave affinities, migrations and the origin of the pre-historic peoples of America.

This section will contain two collections of skulls, limited the tabulated and mapped results of a vast unmber of measurements. One will show the different types of lungs and short-hearled people, as well as the deformed and pathwhygival sprennens. Among the deformed stable will be exhibited examples of many artificially shaped heads, illustrating the custom of pressing little clubitren's beads out of shape by means of viaille braisds and other such applianves.

The seemal cultretion of skulls will consist of typical specimens of man, ryoman and whild.

Measurements have been taken of about five throughout selmed children in several cities, as well as of the vinidren in the Imfant | made near Cuzzo, in the valley of the Homenburds. There schools, and also of many of the schools of Japan. The relation bears found several currently weapped minimums in cases to the of the development of school children to their surrounding conto a side of a mountain. tions will be shown by slingrams and tisbles.

forms of life, customs and institutions, as well as the distribution | always found youking atomsils, after still containing fragments of of the different races over the earth. This exhibit will be food, such as vary, beans, potatoes, permits and dish.

arranged avvording to emiliaries and tribes, and will be supplemented by examples of dryss. intensils, oraniments and recommist. Lieutenant Pears, arting as an assistant in This department, has adstivingd in mast interesting viillection nf Eskuno objevts voilected by him on his recent experistion to northern Greenland, including summer houses of skins, lights, sledges, garments, household intensils, and many carvings.

in ivory. There will also be many interesting collections from the Nixth Pacific coast.

both from the British pussessions and the Vinted States. Menturn Northern Crees, which vovers a field lim little known.

There will be annulyts, charms, aluls, and everething pertaining a nonge, all of which will be exhibited in groups as they were found. to early religious the world over.

North American Indians is that of the formula Endan painter, compare the american peoples of all parts of the abilia. him in water colors of his original mil paintings. These paintings sections, of which I can only mention the names. If story, Cartiewere taken from life, and illustrate Indian life and customs of raphy, the Labus-American Rurean and Natural Historica

in this section. It will consist of living peoples.

over to this department, and here will be clustered as many different Indian groups as possible. They will live in their native bere contures 820.

Their work will afford a very striking contrast to the work shown in the government bolian school, which will be in full operation close by. This illustration of primitive his ovil make more apparent the material procress made in America during the just four lumbred rears.

The New York State Commission will creet the connect house and the long bark house of the frequency, as well as the bark houses and handers' lodges of the sectoral tribes which formed the farmous Troquois esinfederation. These houses will be inhabited The Department of Ethanlage has a special building at the britis limbans, who will live in their primitive way and circy on

many it will exhibit the physical characteristics of the native from British Grams, white Indian houses from Brozil have

already agriced. The group of aftreserous Labrador Eskinos, nor hring at the North Point, will form a part of this Fithing raphiwith exhibit.

Never before his there been such an apportunity to study the native tribes of America as will be afforded this summer by all these people, litting peaceably to bether on the banks of this largoon. And the Indianes, publing about in their year tarnors cances, will uslift much to the picture. esque effect of the Exposition.

The maternal or the section of Archieologic will include evidences of mant's gaps of this mumber tree. existence in early times; and adjects from the shell-heaps, amount rillion sites, burnalplaces, mornals, Pheblir vliff-houses, and the runs of Mexico, Central and South America trill be shown In profusional

Models rvill be exhibited of the fishions. Serpent Mound, the Turner Group of rarth. morks and fort Hill in Ohio, and they singular earth marks representing manaral. rarmurs minimils in Wisconstit and Minnessome. The cliff-house of Colombi will be represented by a special exhibit of models. on a large scale.

The models of modern structures has Yneafor will furthfully represent the latest research. They have been cast in plaster, and will reproduce near the Authorpidigual Building types of symbolical or municipalithms. frigules of hullillings and the different styles.

Another subdivision will laylaste the various Archivological collections numberly assistants of this department and the collections of various radivaluals, staty commissions, masseums and societies. Extensive surveys have been made to Oldo, Madae, New Jersey, and other portions of the United States. From Ohlo whose his been guthered by several assistants, the most extensive, as well as one of the most interesting, lits of uniterial error secured for a single museum.

In Smith America extensive explorations meny carried on onthe nest clast, covering a territory three thousand imbes in extent, by an assistant in the department.

At the humal-place of Anyon, in Peru, twee one hundred graves were opened and from them more taken marrly that C, A, Stephons, and others by favorate synthesis, hundred minimums. In the interior of Peru explorations were

The results althinged from the explanations in Peru are aspecially The object in the section of Ethindings will be to show primitive satisfactors, for nuclosed in the varys with the dried hidles were



Altegorical Painting representing Music

I from the graves come also beautifully decorated pattery, should be made of a large exhibit illustrating the customs of the copper mark, carred wooden abuls, lish nots, garments of different This section will include a group illustrating the ancient with women were buried their nurk-baskets, containing we trong religious, folk-lure and games, showing their surroral and develops and spinning implyments, thread and carn, weedles and pais of the space of the macros, tutes of point and often a small clay invrease of all subscriptom list, for many rears larger than that of

Probably the most valuable group of paintings relating to the these from America, and thus will be given the apportunity to

Becoles these three sections the department includes other

The object of the department is to tell as nearly as possible the An exhibit of great popular interest, and also of marked stornal man from his carbest primitive condition to the present. scientific importance, will be the outdoor Ethnographical exhibit place. The great amounts on this continent = ill be shown, and the The eastern burder of the South Pond will be entirely given propent time. So far as America is conferred, the visibir will be able to see fiving representatives of the different peoples who so or Gyn. A. 1801 915.

1827 1803.

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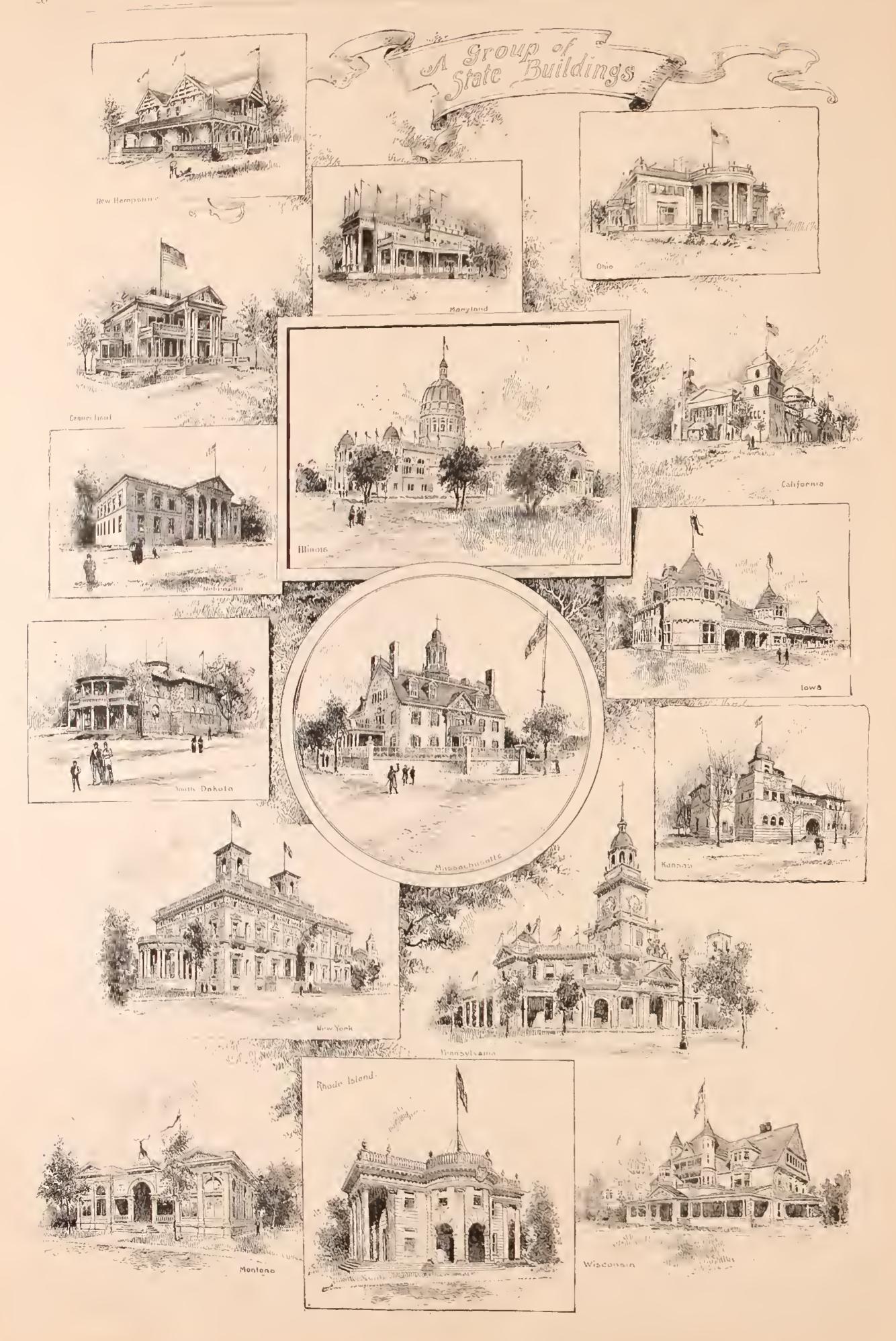
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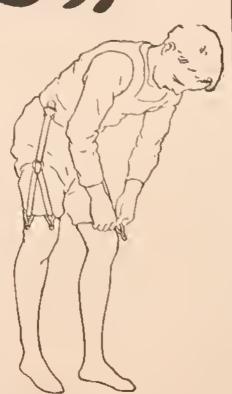
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Jorn a lame horse in Worderler, Mass. For can see hose one part of the SPLIT NATH came and where it should for chucking and the other entered the tender part of the foot,



Split much like this tire constantly making horses home, levening their calue to the mener and causing them to suffer and often die troin lockjuse, brought on in the first place by split and broken mads.

DANGEROUS NAILS. There are Nails called "hot torged" which really are also "cold-rolled" and "clipped." The process of their manufacture is liable to separate the fibers of the iron and cause the uail to split as shown above.

#### THE PUTNAM NAILS

are Exclusively Hot-Forged and Hammer-Pointed like the old-fashioned handmade nail. They are absolutely safe because they will never Split, Sliver or Break.

Examine the noits in voir smith's shoring box. If their edges are smooth for the whole length that are the Hols-Forged Cuttiann. If they show mark of the shears near the point, they are cold-rolled and sheared.

PUTNAM NAIL CO., Neponset, Boston, Mass.



### Always in the Lead.

Warreick Cycles run smoothly, with less friction, and consequently with less effort, than any other wheel on the market.

Point 1. They have the only mechanically dust-proof bearings. Point 2. Framework, Handle Bars and Forks of cold drawn steel tubing, tapered cold.

Point 3. Brackets, Hubs, Sprocket Wheels, etc., cut from special drop forgings on bar steel. The life and limb of Warwick riders are not endangered by the presence of east metal.

Point .4. Chain cut from drawn steel, hardened, tested, fitted to gauges and guaranteed noiseless and accurate.

Point 5. We've used up all our space.

Send for a new Warwick Catalogue, which tells of a score more of points of superiority in Warwick Wheels. Mailed free to any address.

#### Warwick Cycle Mfg. Company,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.



THE STORM SLIPPER. TRADE MARK. High in front reaching almost to the top of the boot, and completely protects it from dripping dress and soggy skirt. The most practical and satisfactory Stormy day Rubber. 

#### This Coupon

when presented at the exhibit of the BOSTON RUBBER SBOE CO., Shoe and Leather Bulldlug, at any time during the World's Falr will entitle bearer to one copy of its

We will give to any one who will present this Coupon at our exhibit one copy of a thirty-page book containing 45 beautiful illustrations lithographed in colors, describing the manner in which the natives gather the rubber sap in the forests of South America, and many features of its transformation into Rubber Shoes.



This trade-mark is on the bottom of every pair of Rubber Boots and Shoes manufactured by us. Beware of Imitations. Buy your next pair with this trade-mark. 45,000 pairs made every day, requiring the work of 3.000 people. This enormous production is the result of first quality maintained for forty years.

Every Retail Boot and Shoe Dealer in America is cordially invited to visit our exhibit at the World's Fair, and should do so, as it will be both interesting, instructive and will help him make sales on his return home.

BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.



#### After Dinner Coffee Set.

full Set consists or College Sours, Cretion and Train

THE name of Triwle has come to stand for all that is best, both in quality and design, in the manufacture of Sterling Silver Water Whenever then Trade Mark is found stamped on any piece of solid silver, it is a guarantee that it is fully up to the English Standard and is

#### 925 fine. 1000

In Newbinyport, Massa, the air of the silversmith has been plactised. for over two humbred years. There lived the pioneer coloured Silver smith of New England, whose first work was the silver shoe buckle. From the old "Blacksmith and Whitesmith Shop" of along has been evolved one of the most complete Silver Ware Incours in the world, that of The Towle Manufacturing Company.

> gor Housekeepers should examine their Jeweler's assortment of Towle Silver Ware, and in case they do not lind the special pieces advertised, we shall be pleased to tell them where they can be found.

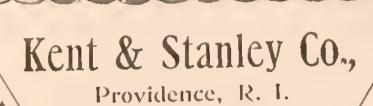
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Manufacturing Newburyport, Mass. Western Office, Chicago, III.



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Our World's Fair exhibit contains nothing but our regular every-day goods. These are strictly first-class. You can see them at Section I, Post number W 8, Manufactures Building. Our pianos can also be seen at

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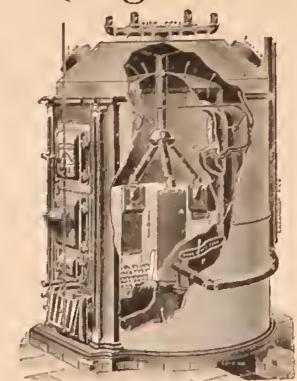
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We make all kimils of Heating and Cooling apparatus, smable for all uses and all climates. Our main efforts, however, any devoted to two specialties, viz: The Best Furnace for Dwelling Houses and the most complete Range for the People.

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which gives a powerful and even heat, entire freedom from gas or dust, with much less consumption of fuel than by other in thods. It is made to be used for Warm Air Only in in Combination with Hot Water. This Furnace is imequalled and is deservedly popular throughout America.

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The Mass, Pluritidde Mechanics Association pwarded or a grid medal and special dipluma of the first last exhibitions where this form mice unit faings were shown. No other makers of fike goods ever received such Emilorses ment. See our agent in your city, or write us for descriptive circulurs.

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Is demanded by the best cooks. Miss Parloa, who inaugurated the American Cooking School, recommends it as "the best," Thousands of families throughout America will use no other. In practical use, fineness of finish, durability and perfection in every detail it has no equal. Illustrated Catalogue mailed Dee to those in need of a Range or Furnace,



We guarantee satisfaction or no sale.

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Finest, Best and Largest Line of Cycles in the World.



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Durability and Speed.



They Cannot Be Equalled.



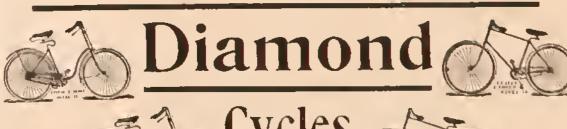
Cycles for Men and Women Boys and Girls.



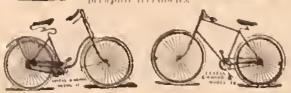


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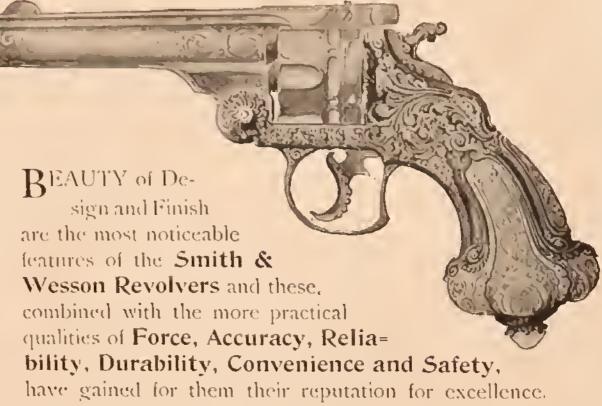
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John P. Lovell Arms Co., Washington St. Boston, Mass.

THIS Illustration represents one of a collection of beautifully decorated Smith & Wes= son Revolvers to be seen in our Exhibit in the Department of Liberal Arts at the World's Fair.

> Ancient Moorish Design in Repousse Silver, Inlaid with Carved Ivory.



The superior quality of material used in their construction and the rigid inspection to which they are subjected for workmanship and stock enable us to guarantee them perfect in every detail.

Beware of misleading advertisements, issued by unscrupulous dealers to deceive, and of worthless imitations of our goods, substituted by them for the genuine article,

Send Stamp for Full Catalogue with detailed description.

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MENTION THIS PAPER.

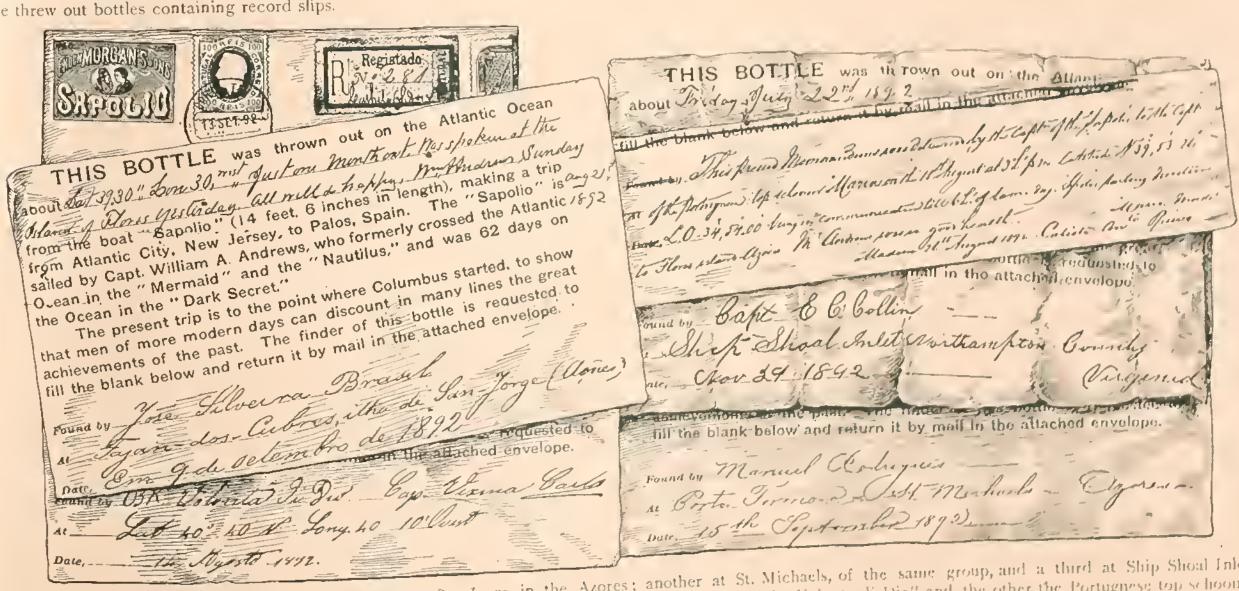
Springfield, Mass.



# Captain Andrews Crossing the Atlantic in the Boat "SAPOLIO." A 19th Century Triumph.

We had advertised on land so much we sought the sea and determined to scour that also with Sapolio. Alexander of old sighed valuely for more worlds to conquer. Sapolio had reached that point, when, with 19th century enterprise, it undertook to serub the seas, and did that with the same success which attends all its efforts. If Mars is inhabited our next attempt will be in that direction.

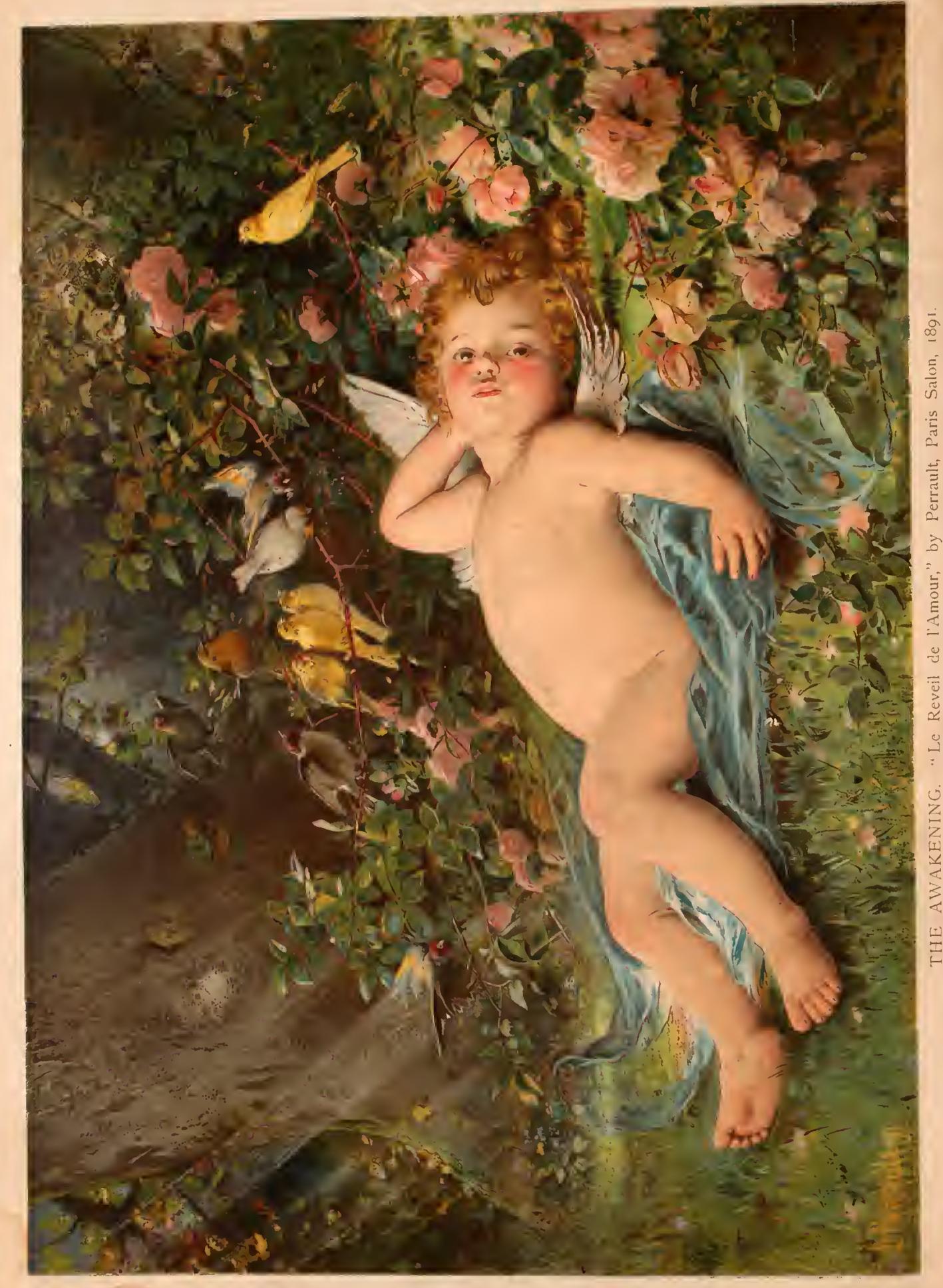
CAPT. Andrews started in the "Sapolio" (a canvas-covered folding boat, 14½ ft. long) from Atlantic City, July 20, 1892, with instructions to scour the seas until he reached Palos, and discovered the starting-point of Columbus. He was spoken on his voyage by fourteen vessels and at different points on his trip he threw out bottles containing record slips.



We reproduce some of these—one picked up at San Jorge, in the Azores; another at St. Michaels, of the same group, and a third at Ship Shoal Inlet, Northampton Co., Va., together with two which he handed to passing ships, one the Italian bark "Volonta di Dio" and the other the Portugnese top schooner "Naria," whose captain uses the peculiar phrase, "This pressed (printed) memorandum." The San Jorge's slip was received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose captain uses the peculiar phrase, "This pressed (printed) memorandum." The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received with great the margin. Capt. Andrews arrived at Terceira, one of the Azores, on the thirty-sixth day out. The "Sapolio" and its Captain were received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose captain dreads nothing bark "Volonta di Dio" and the other the Portugnese top school di Dio" and its Captain were received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose received in the registered envelope shown above "Maria," whose received in the registered envelope shown above the "Maria," whose receiv

The Sapolio Columbus with his tiny boat will form part of the striking exhibit of the Enoch Morgan's Sons Co. at the World's Fair (Manufactures Building, Section Q), where he will represent the highest type of American grit.

### THE YOUTH'S COMPANION WORLD'S FAIR NUMBER.



You can procure a copy of this picture, of this size, to x 14, suitable for framing, printed on heavy white paper with wide margin and with no advertising upon it, by sending one wrapper from a bottle of Mellin's Food, with your name and address, to the Dollber-Goodalf Co., Boston, Mess., U.S.

Department of Liberal Arts. The original painting





